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1. Introduction

MyPBX — IP-PBX for Medium Businesses/Home Office

New products MyPBX U100&U200 is a standalone embedded hybrid PBX for medium businesses and remote branch offices of larger organizations (1-200 users per site). MyPBX U100&U200 also offers a hybrid solution (a combination of VoIP applications using PSTN/BRI/GSM/UMTS/FXS equipment) alternative for enterprises who are not yet ready to migrate to a complete VoIP solution.

1.1 Features

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Feature</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Addons, including recording/MyPBX client/Billing/Hotel</td>
<td>Follow me</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alert</td>
<td>HTTPS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Audio In/Out</td>
<td>Integrated built-in packet capture tools</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-provision</td>
<td>Interactive Voice Response (IVR)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blacklist</td>
<td>Intercom/Zone Intercom</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BLF Support</td>
<td>L2TP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blind Transfer</td>
<td>LDAP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Call Back</td>
<td>Mobility Extension</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Call Detail Records (CDR)</td>
<td>Multiple administrators</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Call Forward</td>
<td>Music On Hold</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Call Parking</td>
<td>Music On Transfer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Call Pickup</td>
<td>OpenVPN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Call Recording</td>
<td>Paging/Zone Paging</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Call Routing</td>
<td>PIN Users</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Call transfer</td>
<td>PPPoE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Call Transfer</td>
<td>QoS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Call Waiting</td>
<td>Queue</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Caller ID</td>
<td>Ring Group</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conference</td>
<td>Route by Caller ID</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Database Grant</td>
<td>Security Center</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DDNS</td>
<td>Skype Integration (Skype Connect)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Define Office Time</td>
<td>Speed Dial</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dial by Name</td>
<td>Spy functions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DIDs</td>
<td>Static Route</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Direct Inward System Access (DISA)</td>
<td>T.38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distinctive Ringtone</td>
<td>Three-way Calling</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Do Not Disturb (DND)</td>
<td>VLAN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>External Storage</td>
<td>Voicemail</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Firewalls</td>
<td>WAN</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
URL of U100: http://www.yeastar.com/products/MyPBX-U100.asp
URL of U200: http://www.yeastar.com/Products/MyPBX-U200.asp
1.2 Hardware Specifications

1.2.1 Exterior Appearance

Front Panel

![MyPBX U100&U200 Front Panel](image)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Indication</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>16 Green LEDs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>16 RJ11 ports</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Console port (RJ45)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>WAN/LAN port</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>USB 2.0 port</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Audio in/out</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Reset Button</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Power and Run indicator</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2. System Setup

2.1 Connection Drawing

![Connection Diagram](image_url)

Figure 2-1

2.2 Connecting Ethernet Line

MyPBX provides two 10/100M Ethernet ports with RJ45 interface and LED indicator. Plug Ethernet line into MyPBX’s Ethernet port, and then connect the other end of the Ethernet line with a hub, switch, router, LAN or WAN. Once connected, check the status of the LED indicator. A yellow LED indicates the port is in the connection process, and a green LED indicates the port is properly connected.
2.3 Supplying Power

Please follow the steps below to connect the MyPBX unit to a power outlet:

1. Connect the small end of the power cable to the power input port on the MyPBX back panel, and plug the other end of the cable into a 100V~240V AC power outlet.

2. Check the Power LED on the front panel. A solid green LED indicates that power is being supplied correctly.
3 Administrator Login

From your web browser, input the IP address of the MyPBX server. If this is the first time you are configuring MyPBX, please use the default settings as below (your PC should be in the same local network with MyPBX):

IP Address: http://192.168.5.150
Username: admin
Password: password

In this example, the IP address is 192.168.5.149

Figure 3-1

This is the welcome page of MyPBX U100&U200 after successful login.

Figure 3-2

You can also login via HTTPS protocol
Like [https://192.168.5.147](https://192.168.5.147), you will see a prompt that is a certificate problem. Click “Continue to ...”, then you can login after entering user and password. HTTPS is HTTP over SSL, and it is safer than HTTP.

![Figure 3-3](image)

**Note:**
MyPBX firmware upgrade follow-up
- Reboot the device twice to make the new firmware take effect
- Clean the cache and cookies of the browser before login.
- There is a compatibility issue with IE11. Configure IE11 browser "Compatibility View Settings", add MyPBX IP address, and check "Display Intranet sites in Compatibility View" and "Use Microsoft compatibility lists".

See the following picture. MyPBX IP is 192.168.5.147 in this example.
Figure 3-4

Figure 3-5
4 Status

Click to start to check the status of MyPBX U300, where we can check the status of extensions, trunks, network and system information.

4.1 Line status

In this page, we can check the status of extensions and trunks

4.1.1 Extension Status

MyPBX Status Description:

Extensions:

1) : Extension is unavailable

2) : Extension is idle

3) : Extension is ringing

4) : Extension is busy

5) : Extension is on hold
4.1.2 Trunk Status

Trunks:

**VOIP Trunk:**
- **Status**
  - Unregistered: Trunk registration failed.
  - Registered: Successful registration, trunk is ready for use.
  - Request Send: Registering.
  - Waiting: Waiting for authentication.

**Service Provider:**
- **Status**
  - OK: Successful registration, trunk is ready for use.
  - Unreachable: The trunk is unreachable.
  - Failed: Trunk registration failed.

**FXO Trunk:**
- **Status**
  - Idle: The port is idle.
  - Busy: The port is in use.
  - Disconnected: The port hasn’t connected to the PSTN line.
  - More detail message, please refer to the LED indication of front panel.

**GSM/UMTS Trunk:**
- **Status**
  - Idle: The port is idle.
  - Busy: The port is in use.

- **Signal**
  - ☟: No signal.
  - ☟: Poor.
  - ☟: Average.
  - ☟: Good.
  - ☟: Excellent.

**BRI Trunk:**
**Status**  
*Ok*: The ports connect correctly.  
*Disconnected*: The port hasn’t connected to the BRI line

### 4.2 System Status

In this page, we can check the status of MyPBX system, including the hardware, firmware version and the network status of LAN and WAN ports.

#### 4.2.1 System Info

In this page, we can check the hardware/firmware version, or the disk usage of MyPBX.

![System Info](image)

**Figure 4-3**

#### 4.2.2 Network Status

In this page, the IP address of LAN and WAN port will appear. If OpenVPN is configured well, they will be displayed here too.
5 System

Click to access.

In this page, we can configure the network settings, firewall settings, storage management and some other preferences like firmware update and hot standby.

5.1 Network Preferences

5.1.1 LAN Settings
· **DHCP**  
If this option is set, MyPBX will use DHCP to get an available IP address from your local network. Not recommended as without the right IP address you cannot access MyPBX.

· **Enable SSH**  
This is the advance way to access the device, you can use the putty software to access the device. In the SSH access, you can do more advanced setting and debug, it's disabled by default.

· **Port**: the default is 8022; you change it to another one

· **Enable FTP**  
Users will be able to log in MyPBX via FTP if FTP is enabled. You can access FTP resource on MyPBX via Windows explorer or web browser. FTP default user: **root**, password: **ys123456**

· **Port**: the default is 21; you change it to another one.

· **Hostname**  
Set the host name for MyPBX.

· **IP Address**  
Set the IP Address for MyPBX. Configuring a static IP address for MyPBX is recommended.

· **Subnet Mask**  
Set the subnet mask for MyPBX.

· **Gateway**  
Set the gateway for MyPBX.

· **Primary DNS**  
Set the primary DNS for MyPBX.

· **Secondary DNS**  
Set the secondary DNS for MyPBX.

· **IP Address2**  
Set the second IP Address for MyPBX.

· **Subnet Mask2**
Set the second subnet mask for MyPBX.

5.1.2

It supports three connection types: DHCP (obtain an IP automatically), PPPoE, Static IP Address.

**Note:**
1. WAN port is disabled by default
2. WAN port cannot be used as a router to route the internet packages from WAN port to LAN port.

- **DHCP**
  If your ISP says that you are connecting through DHCP or a dynamic IP address from your ISP, perform these steps:
  Step1: Select **DHCP** as the WAN Connection Type.
  Step2: Click **Save** button to save the settings.
  Step3: Reboot the device.
  Step4: Check the WAN’s Status (Status → Network status).

- **Static IP Address**
  If your ISP says that you are connecting through a static or fixed IP address from your ISP, perform these steps:
  Step1: Select **Static IP Address** as the WAN Connection Type.
  Step2: Enter the IP Address.
  Step3: Enter the Subnet Mask.
  Step4: Enter the Gateway Address.
  Step5: Enter the Primary DNS and Secondary DNS.
  Step6: Click the **Save** button to save the settings.
  Step7: Reboot the device.
Step 8: Check the WAN’s Status (Status → Network status).

- **PPPoE**
  If your DSL provider says that you are connecting through PPPoE or if you normally enter a user name and password to access the Internet, perform these steps:
  Step 1: Select **PPPoE** as the WAN Connection Type.
  Step 2: Enter the User Name.
  Step 3: Enter the Password.
  Step 4: Click the **Save** button to save the settings.
  Step 5: Reboot the device.
  Step 6: Check the WAN’s Status (Status → Network status)

### 5.1.3 DHCP Server

Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) is a network protocol that enables a server to automatically assign an IP address to a computer from a defined range of numbers (i.e., a scope) configured for a given network. You can set a local network NTP server for MyPBX here too.

Note: MyPBX U100&U200 can be working as a DHCP server, but cannot be regarded as a router.

![Figure 5-3](image)

A VLAN (Virtual LAN) is a logical local area network (or LAN) that extends
beyond a single traditional LAN to a group of LAN segments, given specific configurations.

**Note:**
MyPBX U100&U200 is not the VLAN server, a 3-layer switch is still needed, please configure the VLAN information there first, then input the details in MyPBX, so that the packages via MyPBX will be added the VLAN label before sending to that switch.

1) VLAN Over LAN

**NO.1**
Click the NO.1 you can edit the first VLAN over LAN.

**VLAN Number**
The VLAN Number is a unique value you assign to each VLAN on a single device.

**VLAN IP Address**
Set the IP Address for MyPBX VLAN over LAN.

**VLAN Subnet Mask**
Set the Subnet Mask for MyPBX VLAN over LAN.

**Default Gateway**
Set the Default Gateway for MyPBX VLAN over LAN

**NO.2**
Click the NO.2 you can edit the first VLAN over LAN.

**VLAN Number**
. The VLAN Number is a unique value you assign to each VLAN on a single device.

- **VLAN IP Address**
  Set the IP Address for MyPBX VLAN over LAN.

- **VLAN Subnet Mask**
  Set the Subnet Mask for MyPBX VLAN over LAN.

- **Default Gateway**
  Set the Default Gateway for MyPBX VLAN over LAN.

2) VLAN Over Wan

- **NO.1**
  Click the NO.1 you can edit the first VLAN over WAN.

- **VLAN Number**
  The VLAN Number is a unique value you assign to each VLAN on a single device.

- **VLAN IP Address**
  Set the IP Address for MyPBX VLAN over WAN.

- **VLAN Subnet Mask**
  Set the Subnet Mask for MyPBX VLAN over WAN.

- **Default Gateway**
  Set the Default Gateway for MyPBX VLAN over WAN.

- **NO.2**
  Click the NO.2 you can edit the first VLAN over WAN.

- **VLAN Number**
  The VLAN Number is a unique value you assign to each VLAN on a single device.

- **VLAN IP Address**
  Set the IP Address for MyPBX VLAN over WAN.

- **VLAN Subnet Mask**
  Set the Subnet Mask for MyPBX VLAN over WAN.

- **Default Gateway**
  Set the Default Gateway for MyPBX VLAN over WAN.
5.1.5 VPN Settings

A virtual private network (VPN) is a method of computer networking—typically using the public internet—that allows users to privately share information between remote locations, or between a remote location and a business home network. A VPN can provide secure information transport by authenticating users, and encrypting data to prevent unauthorized persons from reading the information transmitted. The VPN can be used to send any kind of network traffic securely. MyPBX supports OpenVPN, IPSec and L2TP.

![VPN Settings](image)

- **Enable OpenVPN**

- **Import VPN Profile**
  Import configuration file of OpenVPN. Don't configure “user” and “group” in the “config” file.

- **Enable IPSec**

- **Import VPN Profile**
  Import configuration file of IPSec. There can be only one “lan” in the “conf” file.

- **Enable L2TP**

- **Import VPN Profile**
  Import configuration file of L2TP. There can be only one “conn” in the “conf” file.

Note: for more details about above VPN settings, please contact our technical support.
DDNS (Dynamic DNS) is a method/protocol/network service that provides the capability for a networked device, such as a router or computer system using the Internet Protocol Suite, to notify a Domain Name System (DNS) name server to change, in real time, the active DNS configuration of its configured hostnames, addresses or other information.

### DDNS Settings

- **Enable DDNS**
- **DDNS Server**
  Select the DDNS server you sign up for service.
- **User Name**
  User name the DDNS server provides you.
- **Password**
  User account’s password.
- **Host Name**

**Note:** DDNS allows you to access your network using domain names instead of IP address. The service manages changing IP address and updates your domain information dynamically. You must sign up for service through dyndns.org, freedns.afraid.org, www.no-ip.com, www.zoneedit.com

MyPBX will have more than one internet connection in some situations but it has only one default gateway. You will need to set some Static Route for MyPBX to force it goes out through different gateway when access to different internet. The default gateway priority of MyPBX from high to low is OpenVPN→WAN port→LAN port.
1) Route table
The current route rules of MyPBX

- **Destination**
The destination network to be accessed to by MyPBX

- **Subnet Mask**
Specify the destination network portion.

- **Gateway**
Define which gateway MyPBX will go through when access to the destination network.

- **Metric**
The cost of a route is calculated by using what are called routing metric. Routing metrics are assigned to routes by routing protocols to provide measurable statistic which can be used to judge how useful (how low cost) a route is.

- **Interface**
Define which internet port to go through.

2) Static Route Rules
You can add new static route rules here.

### 5.2 Security Settings

Firewalls are used to prevent unauthorized Internet users from accessing private networks connected to the Internet, especially intranets. All messages entering or leaving the intranet pass through the firewall, which examines each message and blocks those that do not meet the specified security criteria.
5.2.1 Security Center

You can check MyPBX security configuration in “Security Center” page. And also, you can enter the relevant security settings page rapidly.

Firewall:

![Figure 5-8](image)

In the “Firewall” tab, you can check firewall configuration and alert settings. By clicking the relevant button, you can enter the configuration page directly.

Service:

![Figure 5-9 Security](image)

In “Service” tab, you can check AMI/SSH/TFTP status. For AMI/SSH, you can enter the according page by clicking the button in “Setting” column. For TFTP, you can directly disable or enable it.

Port:

![Figure 5-10](image)
In “Port” tab, you can check SIP port and HTTP port. You can also enter the relevant page by clicking the button in “Setting” column.

5.2.2 Firewall Rules

1) General Settings
   - **Enable Firewall**
     Enable the firewall to protect the device.

   - **Disable Ping**
     Enable this item; net ping from remote hosts will be dropped.

   - **Drop All**
     When you enable “Drop All” feature, system will drop all packets or connection from other hosts if there are no other rules defined. To avoid locking the devices, at least one “TCP” accept common rule must be created for port used for SSH access, port used for HTTP access and port sued for CGI access.

2) Common Rules
   There is no default rule; you can create them as required.
**Name**  
A name for this rule, e.g. “HTTP”.

**Description**  
Simple description for this rule. E.g. Accept the specific host to access the web interface for configuration.

**Protocol**  
The protocols for this rule.

**Port**  
Initial port should be on the left and end port should be on the right. The end port must be equal to or greater than start port.

**IP**  
The IP address for this rule. The format of IP address is: IP/mask  
E.g. 192.168.5.100/255.255.255.255 for IP 192.168.5.100  
E.g.216.207.245.47/255.255.255.255 for IP 216.207.245.47  
E.g.192.168.5.0/255.255.255.0 for IP from 192.168.5.0 to 192.168.5.255.

**MAC Address**  
The format of MAC Address is XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX, X means 0~9 or A~F in hex, the A~F are not case sensitive.

**Note:** The MAC address will be changed when it’s a remote device, so it will not be working to filter using MAC for remote devices.

**Action**  
Accept: Accept the access from remote hosts.  
Drop: Drop the access from remote hosts.  
Ignore: Ignore the access.
3) Auto Defense
By default, there is no rule.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Add Auto Defense Rule</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Port:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protocol: UDP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rate: 10/min</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 5-13

Port
The port you want to auto defense, for example, 8022.

Protocol:
Select the protocol. You can select UDP or TCP.

Rate:
The maximum packets or connections can be handled per unit time.

For example, if you configure it as below:
Port: 8022
Protocol: TCP
Rate: 10/min
Then, it means maximum 10 TCP connections can be handled in 1 minute. The 11th connection will be dropped.

5.2.3 IP Blacklist

You can set some packets accept speed rules here. When a IP address which hasn’t been accepted in common rules sends packets faster than the allowed speed, it will be set as black IP address and blocked automatically.

Figure 5-14
1) Blacklist rules
You can add the rules for IP blacklist rate as you wish.

![Add Auto Blacklist Rules](image)

**Figure 5-15**

- **Port**
  Auto defense port

- **Protocol**
  Auto defense protocol. TCP or UDP.

- **IP Packets**
  Allowed IP packets number in the specific time interval.

- **Time interval**
  The time interval to receive IP packets. For example, IP packets 90, time interval 60 means 90 IP packets are allowed in 60 seconds.

2) IP blacklist
The blocked IP address will display here, you can delete it as you wish.

### 5.2.4 AMI Settings

The Asterisk Manager Interface (AMI) is a system monitoring and management interface provided by Asterisk. It allows live monitoring of events that occur in the system, as well enabling you to request that Asterisk perform some action. The actions that are available are wide-ranging and include things such as returning status information and originating new calls. Many interesting applications have been developed on top of Asterisk that take advantage of the AMI as their primary interface to Asterisk.
There are two main types of messages on the Asterisk Manager Interface: manager events and manager actions. The 3rd party software can work with MyPBX using AMI interface. It is disabled by default. If necessary, you can enable it.

![AMI Settings](image)

**Username & password:** after enabling AMI, you can use this username and password to log in MyPBX AMI.

**IP Restriction:** you can set which IP can log in MyPBX AMI interface.

### 5.2.5 Database Grant

U100&U200 are using MySQL database from 14.18.0.22. The 3rd party software can access MySQL via internet. Before that, you need to grant the authority to the database user. After entering "Database Grant" page, clicking "Add", you can add a database user, set user password and grant authority.

![Database Grant](image)

**Username/password:** The 3rd party can use this username and password to access the MySQL.

**Database:** there are 2 options, CDR and Record. If you choose CDR, then this user has authority to check CDR database; if you choose Record, then the user has authority to check which call has been recorded automatically.
5.2.6 Alert Settings

If the device is attacked, the system will notify users the alert via call or E-mail. The attack modes include IP attack and Web Login. For more details on the system security configuration, please refer to APPENDIX I MyPBX Security Configuration Guide.

![Alert Settings Table]

Figure 5-18

1. IPATTACK
When the system is attacked by IP address, the firewall will add the IP to auto IP Blacklist and notify the user if it match the protection rule.

1) Phone Notification Settings

- **PHONE Notification**
  Whether enable phone notification.

- **Number**
  The numbers could be set for alert notification; users can setup multiple extension and outbound phone numbers. Please separate them by ";". Example: “500;9911”, if the extension has configured Follow Me Settings, the call would go to the forwarded number directly.

- **Attempts**
  The attempts to dial a phone number when there is no answer.

- **Interval**
  The interval between each attempt to dial the phone number. Must be greater than 3 seconds, the default value is 10 seconds.

- **Prompt**
  Users will hear the prompt while receiving the phone notification.

2) E-mail Notification Settings

**Note:** Please ensure that all voicemail settings are properly configured on the System Settings -> Voicemail Settings page before using this feature.

- **E-mail Notification**
Whether enable E-mail Notification or not

**Recipient’s Name**
The recipients for the alert notification, and multiple email addresses are allowed, please separate them by ";".
Example: jerry@yeastar.com; jason@yeastar.com, 456@sina.com.

**Subject**
The subject of the alert email.

**Email Content**
Text content supports predefined variables. Variable names and corresponding instructions are as follows:

- $(HOSTNAME)  Host name
- $(LOCALIP)     Local IP address
- $(SOURCEIP)   Attack source IP address
- $(DATETIME)   Occurred
- $(USERNAME)  User name (WEBLOGIN effective)
- $(DESTMAC)    Attacks destination MAC (IPATTACK effective)
- $(DESTPORT)   Attacks destination Port number (IPATTACK effective)
- $(PROTOCOL)   Protocol type (IPATTACK effective)
- $(INTERFACE)   Network interface name (IPATTACK effective)
2. WEBLOGIN
Web Login Alert Notification: Enter the password incorrectly five times to login MyPBX Web interface will be considered as an attack, the system will limit the IP login within 10 minutes and notify the user.
5.3 LDAP

5.3.1 LDAP Server

LDAP is used as a phone book on MyPBX so that you can search a key word from your IP phone. The key word can be a name, a mobile number, an email or other words in the phonebook.

Note:
It requires that the IP phone should support LDAP feature.

1) LDAP Settings
Enable LDAP
Enable LDAP to use LDAP on your IP phone.

Root Node
A root node for this LDAP, e.g. dc=pbx, dc=com.

PBX Node
A pbx node for this LDAP, e.g. ou=pbx, dc=pbx, dc=com.

User Name
A user for this LDAP, e.g. cn=admin, dc=pbx, dc=com

Password
A password used to access LDAP.

2) Add Contact
In Add Contact you can create them as required.

If you want to know how to use LDAP, please refer to Appendix K
5.4 Storage Management

5.4.1

MyPBX U100/U200 supports USB hard disk. If you enable recording add-on, you can store the recording file in USB hard disk. You can check the information of the hard disk, manage the disk and do some related configuration.

![USB Device Information](image)

- **USB Device Information**
  It’s the information of the USB hard disk.

- **USB Devices Management**
  You can format, clean up or remove the USB device here.
  Note: Please check if you need to back up these files before formatting or clearing up the USB device. Don’t power off the device during the period.

5.4.2

The External Storage feature is used to extend storage space. Once configured, the files (voicemail, call recording files) created before the configured days will be moved to the Net-Disk.

**Note:** The shared folder must be based on Windows Operation System. And if it's windows Vista/2008/7, please add “Everyone” into the shared account list.
Before external storage can be properly configured, an SMB share folder accessible from MyPBX must be set up on a Windows based machine. Once that has been set up, please follow the steps below.
**Step 1**: Choose a window-based computer that is always in service  
**Step 2**: Create a folder  
**Step 3**: Create a text file named "status.txt" in the folder  
**Step 4**: Share this folder

Then we need input the Net-Disk information in Step2 page.

![External Storage Settings](image)

**Figure 5-26 Enter the Net-disk information**

**Net-Disk Host/IP**: Change this to the IP address of the computer where backup files will be stored.

**Net-Disk Share Name**: Change this to the name of the shared folder where backups will be stored.

**Net-Disk Share Username**: The user name used to log into the network share. Leave this blank if it is not required

**Net-Disk Share Password**: The password used to log into the network share. Leave this blank if it is not required

Open your Windows share folder to see if the MyPBX backup files and folders has been created. If the contents of the backup folder look similar to Step3 page, then you have successfully configured external storage on the MyPBX unit.

![External Storage Settings](image)

**Figure 5-27 Configuring External Storage Successfully**
5.5 System Preference

In this page, we can set other system preference, like the password for admin account, system date and time, firmware update, hot standby, backup and restore, reset and reboot.

5.5.1 Password Settings

MyPBX has 3 accounts: admin, user, and cdr. User and cdr account is disabled by default.

Admin account:
The default password for account “admin” is “password”. To change the password, select “admin” in “User”, enter the old password and new password, and click “Save”. The system will then prompt you to re-login using your new password. After you enter the new password, MyPBX will prompt the password strength. It is recommended that you use numbers, upper-case letters, and lower-case letters to increase the security. When you log in MyPBX using “admin” account, you can enable “user” and “cdr” account; also, you can change their passwords.

User account:
User account is disabled by default and its default password is “password”. When enabling “user” account for the first time, MyPBX will ask you to change “user” password. If you don’t change it, you can’t enable “user” account.
To change the password, select “user” in “User”, enter the old password and new password, and click “Save”. The system will then prompt you to re-login using your new password. After you enter the new password, MyPBX will prompt the password strength. It is recommended that you use numbers, upper-case letters, and lower-case letters to increase the security.
After enabling “user” account, you can log in MyPBX using “user”. “user” account can change its own password.

**CDR account:**
“cdr” account is disabled by default and its default password is “password”. You can enable it after you log in MyPBX using “admin” account.
To change the password, select “cdr” in “User”, enter the old password and new password, and click “Save”. The system will then prompt you to re-login using your new password.
After you enter the new password, MyPBX will prompt the password strength. It is recommended that you use numbers, upper-case letters, and lower-case letters to increase the security.

After enabling “cdr” account, you can log in MyPBX using “cdr”. “cdr” account can change its own password.

**5.5.2 Date and Time**
Set the date and time for MyPBX.
• **Time Zone**
  You can choose your time zone here.

• **Daylight Saving Time**
  Set the mode to Automatic or disabled

• **Automatically Synchronize With an Internet Time Server**
  Input the NTP server so that MyPBX will update the time automatically

• **Set Date & Time Manually**
  You can set the time to your local right time manually here

### 5.5.3 Firmware Update

Upgrading of the firmware is possible through the Administrator web interface using a TFTP Server or an HTTP URL.
Enter your TFTP Server IP address and firmware file name, then click start to update the firmware

**Notes:**
1. If “Reset configuration to Factory Defaults” is enabled, the system will restore to factory default settings.
2. When update the firmware, please don’t turn off the power. Or the system will get damaged.
3. For more information on the steps of updating the firmware, please refer to this link:
   http://www.yeastar.com/download/MyPBX-U100_U200/MyPBX_U100&U200_FirmwareUpgrade_cn.pdf
5.5.4 Backup and Restore

We can back up the configurations before resetting MyPBX U300 to factory defaults, and then restore it using this package. The backup created on MyPBX is encrypted with file format ".bak".

**Notes:**
1. Only configurations, custom prompts will be backed up, the voicemail and recording files are not included.
2. When you have updated the firmware version, it’s not recommended to restore using old package.

- **Create a New Backup**
  Users are able to create a new backup for “All” or for separated extensions.

- **Upload a Backup**
  Users are able to upload backup for ”Al” or for separate extensions.
5.5.5 Reset and Reboot

We can reset or reboot MyPBX U100&U200 via web directly in this page.

- **Reboot System**
  
  **Warning**: Rebooting the system will terminate all active calls!

- **Reset to Factory Defaults**
  
  **Warning**: A factory reset will erase all configuration data on the system. Please do not turn off the system until the RUN light begins blinking. Any power interruption during this time could cause damage to the system.

5.5.6 Hot Standby

Redundancy is achieved by using duplicate hardware and software installations and synchronizing data and operating state. Redundancy assures smooth operation even if a system goes down. Essentially a duplicate backup system takes over with virtually no loss of service. This technique assures absolute reliability no matter what failure occurs. In mission critical installations, redundancy is a way to address possibility of any failure.

**Note 1**: Before enabling the Hot Standby feature, please make sure that the
two servers in the failover pair are the same model, own the same modules installed in the same slots, the same hardware configurations and firmware version.

**Note 2:** Please configure the primary server first and configure the secondary server only after the running status of primary server becomes “active”.

**Note 3:** The virtual IP address inputted in this page will be the one used for registering in each IP phone.

**Note 4:** Before configuring the Email list in this page, please configure the “voicemail settings” in “PBX→Basic settings”, and make sure the SMTP test successfully.

**Note 5:** Before configuring the SMS list; please make sure the SIM and GSM/UMTS modules are installed well.

---

**Figure 5-37**

**Mode:** Primary means the main unit; Secondary means the standby unit;

**Secondary/Primary Hostname:** If this unit mode is primary, then you need to input the hostname of standby unit; vice versa, if this unit is selected as secondary, then the hostname of primary unit is required. In brief, you need to input each other’s host name on this field.

**IP:** You need to input each other’s IP address on this field.

**Access code:** To make an identification number to verify each other. The number must be the same to both units.

**Virtual IP address:** To fill in a virtual IP address includes mask, which is always points to the currently activated unit. Customer can register IP phones through this virtual IP address. Please make sure the virtual IP address netmask...
is the same on both units but different from their former IP address.

**Network Connection Detection**: Generally it requires the IP address of the router or gateway that connects both units. MyPBX will connect another unit through this IP address.

**Down Notification**: The way of informing customer that the system down.

**Keep Alive**: Every 2 seconds, a package will be sent from one unit to another, which can test whether they are working properly.

**Dead Time**: The default setting is 120 seconds. If there’s no response within 120s after one receiving a package from the other, then the normal working unit will figure the other unit is dead and send an email or SMS to report the failure.
6 PBX

Click  to access “PBX” tab.

In this page, we can configure the settings of extension, trunk, inbound call control, outbound call control, audio settings and the others. After configuring the MyPBX, we can make or receive calls as scheduled.

6.1 Extensions

In this page, we can configure the extensions’ details and provision the supported models automatically.

6.1.1

There are three types of extensions supported in MyPBX U100&U200: SIP, IAX and analog extension.

**Note:**
1. The max number of SIP/IAX extension is 100 for U100, 200 for U200.

---

**FXS & VoIP Extensions**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Port</th>
<th>Extension</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Caller ID</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>601</td>
<td>601</td>
<td>601</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>602</td>
<td>602</td>
<td>602</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**VoIP Extensions**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Extension</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Caller ID</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>300</td>
<td>SIP</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>301</td>
<td>SIP</td>
<td>301</td>
<td>301</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>302</td>
<td>SIP</td>
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<tr>
<td>304</td>
<td>SIP</td>
<td>304</td>
<td>304</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>305</td>
<td>SIP</td>
<td>305</td>
<td>305</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Figure 6-1**

---

**FXS Extensions**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Port</th>
<th>Extension</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Caller ID</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>601</td>
<td>601</td>
<td>601</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>602</td>
<td>602</td>
<td>602</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

46/195
There are two analog extensions in MyPBX U100 & U200 if S2 module is installed. To modify the extension number, please delete it first, then recreate it again.

1) General

- **Extension**
  The numbered extension, e.g. 1234, that will be associated with this particular User / Phone.

- **Port**
  The extension correspond port.

- **Name**
  A character-based name for this user, e.g. “Bob Jones”.

- **Caller ID**
  The Caller ID (CID) string will be used when this user calls another internal user.
2) Voicemail
   - Enable Voicemail
      Check this box if the user should have a voicemail account.

   - Voicemail Access PIN #
      Voicemail Password for this extension, e.g. “1234”.

3) Mail Setting
   - Enable Send Voicemail
      Once enabled, the voicemail will be sent to the below email address as an attachment.

   - Send Voicemail to Email Address
      This option defines whether or not voicemails/Fax is sent to the Email address as an attachment.
      **Note:** Please ensure that all voicemail settings are properly configured on the System Settings -> Voicemail Settings page before using this feature.

4) Flash
   - Hook Flash Detection
      Sets the amount of time, in milliseconds, that must pass since the last hook-flash event received by MyPBX before it will recognize a second event. If a second event occurs in less time than defined by Hook Flash Detection, then MyPBX will ignore the event. The default value of Flash is 1000 ms, and it can be configured in 1ms increments.

5) Group
   - Pickup Group
      If this extension belongs to a pickup group, any calls that ring this extension can be picked up by other extensions in the same pickup group by dialing the Call Pickup feature code (the default is *4).
      **Note:** *4 is the default setting, it can be changed under Feature Codes -> General -> Call Pickup.

6) Call Duration Setting
   Set the max call duration for this extension. This setting is effective when this extension makes calls. For example, if max call duration of extension 601 is 300s, when 601 makes calls, the call will be disconnected by MyPBX after 300s. If max call duration is set to 0 or empty, it will follow global max call duration setting in “SIP Settings”.

   **Note:** This setting will not be valid for internal calls.
Other Settings

7) Other options
   - **Call Waiting**
     Check this option if the extension should have Call Waiting capability. If this option is checked, the “When busy” follow me options will not be available.

   - **DND**
     Don’t Disturb.

   - **User Web Interface**
     Check this option to allow the user to login to the MyPBX User Web interface, which can be used to access voicemail and extension recordings. Users may login to the MyPBX User Web interface by using their extension number and voicemail PIN as the login and password respectively.

   - **Ring Out**
     Check this option if you want to custom the ring time. Tone will stop over the time defined.

8) Follow me (Call Forwarding)
This function sets inbound call forwarding on an extension. An administrator can configure Follow Me for this extension.

9) Volume Settings
Rxgain: The Volume sent to FXS extension.
Txgain: The Volume sent out by the FXS extension

10) Mobility Extension
MyPBX allows you to use your mobile phone as an extension. If you set your mobile phone as a mobility extension and then you call MyPBX with this mobility phone, you will hear a dial tone. MyPBX will recognize your call as a call from an extension. You can dial the number of other extensions (your caller ID will be the number of your extension) or dial out via outbound routes just like dialing from your extension.

**Note:** If callback is enabled in the inbound route, the mobility extension function of this inbound route will be disabled.

- **Enable Mobility Extension**
  Enable to feature.

- **Mobility Extension Number**
  When you dial the server with this number, the mobile gets the permission of the extension. For example: dialing the other extensions, playing the voicemail.

- **Ring Simultaneously**
  When the extension has an incoming call, it rings its mobility extension simultaneously.

- **Outbound Prefix**
  Fill in a proper prefix of mobile number so that it can match an outbound route to dial the mobility extension. For example, if you set the prefix to “9”, it will send “9 + mobility extension number” to the outbound route.

11) Spy Settings
MyPBX allows extension to monitor/barge in other conversation. Once this feature is enabled, the extension has the ability to monitor/barge in other calls using the feature codes for each spy mode. Refer to “Feature Codes” section for more information.

- **spy modes**
  There are 4 spy modes available:
  Normal spy: you can only hear the call, but can't talk
  Whisper spy: you can hear the call, and can talk with the monitored extension
Barge spy: you can hear the call and talk with them both
General spy: you can choose to use one of the above 3 spy modes

**Note:** for example, if 500 want to monitor extension 501, we need to enable the “allow being spied” for 501, and choose the spy mode for extension 500. Then pick up 500 and dial “feature codes + 501” to start monitoring when 501 is in a call
If 500 choose “normal spy”, it should dial “*90501” to start monitoring.
If 500 choose “whisper spy”, it should dial “*91501” to start monitoring.
If 500 choose “barge spy”, it should dial “*92501” to start monitoring.
If 500 choose “general spy”, it can dial “*90501”, “*91501” or “*92501” to start monitoring.

**VoIP Extensions**
A VOIP extension is a SIP/IAX Account that allows an IP Phone or an IP Soft-Phone client to register on MyPBX

![Figure 6-5](Image)

We can click “Add extension” to start.
1) General

- **Type**
  Extension type: SIP, IAX or SIP/IAX.
  SIP – The extension sends and receives calls using the VoIP protocol SIP.
  IAX - The extension sends and receives calls using the VoIP protocol IAX.

- **Extension**
  The numbered extension, e.g. 1234, that will be associated with this particular User / Phone.

- **Password**
  The password for this extension, but it is not a fixed one. When you add new extension, a random and robust password will be generated like "Gtwfup642".

- **Name**
  A character-based name for this user, EX: "Bob Jones"

- **Caller ID**
The Caller ID will be used when this user calls another internal extension.

**Register Name**
It is for extension registration validation. Users will not be able register the extension if the authorization name is incorrect even though the username and password are correct.

2) Voicemail

**Enable Voicemail**
Check this box if the user should have a voicemail account.

**Voicemail Access PIN**
The voicemail Password for this extension, e.g. “1234”.

3) Mail Setting
This option defines whether or not voicemails or faxes are sent to an Email Address as an attachment.

**Enable Send Voicemail**
Once enabled, the voicemail will be sent to email as an attachment.

**Email Address**
Email address used to receive the voicemail or Fax.

**Note**: Please ensure that the section “SMTP Settings For Voicemail” (in the “Voicemail Settings”) have been properly configured before using this feature.

4) Group

**Pickup Group**
If this extension belongs to a pickup group, any calls that ring this extension can be picked up by other extensions in the same pickup group by dialing the Call Pickup feature code (the default is*4).

**Note**: *4 is the default setting, it can be changed under Feature Codes -> General -> Call Pickup.

5) Call Duration Settings
Set the max call duration for this extension. This setting is effective when this extension makes calls. For example, if max call duration of extension 306 is 300s, when 306 makes calls, the call will be disconnected by MyPBX after 300s.
If max call duration is set to 0 or empty, it will follow global max call duration setting in “SIP Settings”.

6) VoIP Settings

**NAT**
This setting should be used when the system is using a public IP address to
communicate with devices hidden behind a NAT device (such as a broadband router). If you have one-way audio problems, you usually have problems with your NAT configuration or your firewall’s support of SIP and/or RTP ports.

**Qualify**
Send check alive packets to IP phones

**Enable SRTP**
Enable extension for SRTP (RTP Encryption).

**Transport**
This will be the transport method used by the extension. The options are UDP (default) or TCP or TLS.

**DTMF Mode** – RFC2833, Info, Inband, Auto.

**Register Remotely**
If you want to register remote extension, you should enable this option.

**Other Options**

![Figure 6-7 VOIP Extension Other Settings](Image)

Figure 6-7 VOIP Extension Other Settings
7) Other Options

.Call Waiting
Check this option if the extension should have Call Waiting capability. If this option is checked, the “When busy” follow me options will not be available. The call waiting function of IP phone has higher priority than MyPBX’s call waiting function.

.DND
Don’t Disturb. When DND is enabled for an extension, the extension will not be available.

.User Web Interface
Check this option to allow the user to login to the MyPBX User Web interface, which can be used to check voicemail and extension recordings. Users may login to MyPBX User Web interface by using their extension number and voicemail PIN # as the login and password respectively.

.Ring Out
Check this option if you want to customize the ring time. Ring tone will stop over the time defined.

8) Follow me (Call Forwarding)
Call forwarding for an extension can be configured here. The administrator can configure Follow Me option for this extension. If you want to transfer the call to an outbound number, please follow the dial pattern of outbound route filled in the outbound number.
For example: transferring to your mobile phone number 123456789, the dial pattern of outbound route is “9.”, you should fill in 9123456789 here.

9) IP Restriction
-Enable IP Restriction
Check this option to enhance the VoIP security for MyPBX. If this option is enabled, only the permitted IP/Subnet mask will be able to register this extension number. In this way, the VoIP security will be enhanced.

-Permitted “IP address/Subnet mask”
The input format should be “IP address”+ “/”+ “Subnet mask”.
e.g."192.168.5.100/255.255.255.255" means only the device whose IP address is 192.168.5.100 is allowed to register this extension number.
e.g."192.168.5.0/255.255.255.0" means only the device whose IP address is 192.168.5.XXX is allowed to register this extension number.

10) Mobility Extension
MyPBX allows you to use your mobile phone as an extension. If you set your
mobile phone as a mobility extension and then you call MyPBX with this mobility phone, you will hear a dial tone. MyPBX will recognize your call as a call from an extension. You can dial the number of other extensions (your caller ID will be the number of your extension) or dial out via outbound routes just like dialing from your extension.

**Note:** If callback is enabled in the inbound route, the mobility extension function of this inbound route will be disabled

**-Enable Mobility Extension**
Enable this feature.

**-Mobility Extension Number**
When you dial the server with this number, the mobile phone gets the permission of the extension. For example: dialing the other extensions, playing the voicemail.

**-Ring Simultaneously**
When the extension has an incoming call, it rings its mobility extension simultaneously.

**-Outbound Prefix**
Fill in a proper prefix of mobile number so that it can match an outbound route to dial the mobility extension. For example, if you set the prefix to "9", it will send "9 + mobility extension number" to the outbound route.

11) Spy Settings
MyPBX allows extension to monitor/barge in other conversation. Once this feature is enabled, the extension has the ability to monitor/barge in other calls using the feature codes for each spy mode. Refer to "Feature Codes" section for more information.

**-spy modes**
There are 4 spy modes available:
General spy: you have the permission to use the following 3 modes.
Normal spy: you can only hear the call, but can't talk
Whisper spy: you can hear the call, and can talk with the monitored extension
Barge spy: you can hear the call and talk with them both

**Note:** for example, if 500 want to monitor extension 501, we need to enable the "allow being spied" for 501, and choose the spy mode for extension 500. Then pick up 500 and dial "feature codes + 501” to start monitoring when 501 is in a call.
If 500 choose “normal spy”, it should dial “*90501” to start monitoring.
If 500 choose “whisper spy”, it should dial “*91501” to start monitoring.
If 500 choose “barge spy”, it should dial “*92501” to start monitoring.
If 500 choose “general spy”, it can dial “*90501”, “*91501” or “*92501” to start monitoring.

### 6.1.2

The Auto Provision sub menu provides users a method to Auto Provision IP Phone after the Express Setup process.

**Note**: Auto Provision functions fully test with these models:

- **Yealink** (T12, T18, T19, T20, T21, T22, T26, T28, T32, T38, T41, T42, T46, W52P, VP530, VP-2009)
- **Snom** (300, 320, 360, 370)
- **Polycom** (IP 6000, IP 7000, IP 32X, IP33X, IP430, IP450, IP550, IP560, VVX1500)
- **Cisco** (IP7940, IP7960)
- **Aastra** (9480i, 9480i-CT, 6730i, 6731i, 6737i, 6753i, 6755i, 6757i, 6757i CT)
- **GrandStream** (GXP1450, GXP2100, GXP2110, GXP2120)
- **Escene** (ES220, ES320, ES330, ES410, ES620)
- **Fanvil** (C56, C58, C60, C62)
- **Panasonic** (UT113, UT123, UT133, UT136, UT248, UT670, TGP500, TGP550)

**News:**

When provisioning Yealink and Snom IP phone, MyPBX is not needed to be set as the only DHCP server any more.
6.1.2.1 General Settings for Yealink
In this page, you can configure the general settings before provisioning Yealink IP phones, including the items like general preferences, codecs, remote phone book and firmware upgrade.

**Note**: if firmware download server is enabled, IP phone will update the firmware automatically according to the version and server you have configured during the provision process.

![General Settings for Yealink](image1)

Figure 6-9

6.1.2.2 Aastra General Settings
In this page, you can configure the general settings before provisioning Aastra IP phones, including the items like general preferences, program keys configuration, soft keys configuration.

![General Settings for Aastra](image2)

Figure 6-10
6.1.2.3 Phone book
You can add your contacts here and when you use phone provisioning; the IP will download the phone book.

![Phone book interface](image)

Figure 6-11

1) Add Contact
   - **Type**
     There are three types: None, VIP and Deny list (Blacklist).
   - **Group**
     There are 5 groups: None, Friends, Family, Work, Colleagues list.
   - **Nick Name**
     You can set a nick name for this number.
   - **Favorite**
     Only works with snom phone.
   - **Organization**
     Input the organization of this contact. Only works with snom phone.
   - **Title**
     Input the title of this contact. Only works with snom phone.
   - **Email**
     Input the email of this contact. Only works with snom phone.
   - **Birthday**
     Input the birthday of this contact. Only works with snom phone.
   - **First Name**
     Input the first name of this contact. Only works with snom phone.
- **Family Name**
  Input the family of this contact. Only works with snom phone.

- **Office Number**
  Input the office number here

- **Mobile Number**
  Input the mobile number here

- **Home Number**
  Input the home number here

- **Sub Number**
  Add sub number of this contact. Only works with snom phone.

- **Note**
  Take some note of this contact. Only works with snom phone.

Figure 6-12
2) Upload Phonebook
You can upload a phonebook before auto provision, which will be provisioned to the IP phone when using auto provision feature to configure your IP phones. The format of phonebook should be *.xml.

**Note**: All the existing phonebooks of the IP phone will be replaced automatically if the phonebooks are configured in this way.

### 6.1.2.4 Configure phone
Let's take provisioning Yealink as an example.
There are two modes to create new phones: create new phones in webpage and upload the IP Phone’s configuration file.

**Add new phone via webpage**
Click “Add Phone” and fill in the corresponding information in the pop-up window.

![Add Phone](image)

**Figure 6-13**

**1) General**

- **Enabled**
Choose yes or no to enable or disable this extension
· **New Config**  
If your IP phone’s firmware version is above x.70.x.x, you should select “Yes”. Or else, it should be “No”.

· **MAC address**  
Input the MAC address of the IP phone

· **Name**  
Put the name of this Phone here.

· **Manufacturer**  
You can choose the Manufacturer of the IP phone

· **Phone Type**  
Choose the model of your phone. Only for snom phone

· **Call Waiting**  
This call feature allows your phone to accept other incoming calls to an extension already in an active call.

· **Key as Send**  
Configure a key as the send key, you choose #, * or disable this feature

· **Auto redial**  
Enable or disable the auto redial for the IP Phone

· **Auto answer**  
Enable or disable auto answer for the IP phone

· **Phone book**  
Enable or disable the feature of phone book of for the IP phone

· **Line**  
You can set each line of IP phone for the account you want, active or not.  
Extension: Selected the extension number for IP Phone.  
Label: It is shown on the LCD for users to identify the account.  
Line Active: You can choose on/off to enable/disable the account respectively.

2) **Codecs**  
In this page, we can set the codecs for the IP phone.
3) **Memory key settings**

In this page, we can configure the DSS keys of the IP phone one by one.
4) **Line keys settings**
We can configure the line key settings for this IP phone.

![Line Keys Settings](image)

**6.1.2.4 Not configured phone**
In this section, MyPBX will scan all the supported IP phones and display them. We can click the "MAC address" of an IP phone and input the corresponding information in the pop-up window, like figure 6-13.

![Not Configured Phone](image)

**6.1.2.5 Upload a file**
Click “Upload a file” and choose the configure file of IP phone in the popup window.

**Note:** the file format must be .cfg
Please edit the configuration files in advance before uploading.

![Upload a File](image)
6.2 Trunks

6.2.1

Multiply physical trunks are supported in MyPBX U100&U200, like BRI, PSTN, and GSM/UMTS, please make sure you have installed the modules inside, BRI trunk requires B2 module, PSTN trunk requires the O2, while for GSM/UMTS trunk, and please install the GSM/UMTS modules inside.

![BRI Trunk Table](image)

**BRI Trunk**

Basic Rate Interface (BRI, 2B+D, 2B1D) is an Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) configuration intended primarily for use in subscriber lines similar to those that have long been used for plain old telephone service. The BRI configuration provides 2 bearer channels (B channels) at 64 k bit/s each and 1 data channel (D channel) at 16 k bit/s. The B channels are used for voice or user data, and the D channel is used for any combination of data, control/signalling, and X.25 packet networking.

![BRI Trunk Table](image)

Click edit to configure the details of BRI trunks.
**Trunk Name**
A unique label used to identify this trunk when listed in outbound rules, incoming rules, etc. E.g. “BriTrunk1”.

**Signaling**
Signaling method
BRI-CPE: ISDN BRI in TE mode and Point to Point.
BRI-CPE-PTMP: ISDN BRI in TE mode and Point to multi Point.
BRI-NET: ISDN BRI in NET mode and Point to Point.
BRI-NET-PTMP: ISDN BRI in NET mode and Point to multi Point.

**Switch Type**
National: National ISDN type2 (common in the US)
ni1: National ISDN type 1
dms100: Nortel DMS100
4ess: AT&T 4ESS
5ess: Lucent 5ESS
euroisdn: EuroISDN
qsig: D-channel signaling protocol at Q reference point for PBX networking.

• **Over Lap Dial**
  Define whether MyPBX can dial this switch using overlap digits or not. If you need Direct Dial-in (DDI; in German "Durchwahl") you should change this to yes, then MyPBX will wait after the last digit it receives.

• **Reset interval**
  Set the time in seconds between restart of unused channels. Some PBXs don’t like channel restarts. So set the interval to a very long interval e.g. 100000000 or “never” to disable entirely. If you are in Israel, the following is important: As Bezeq in Israel doesn’t like the B-Channel resets happening on the lines, it is best to set the reset interval to “never” when installing a box in Israel. Our past experience also shows that this parameter may also cause issues on local switches in the UK and China.

• **PRI Indication**
  Tells how Device should indicate Busy() and Congestion() to the switch/user. Accepted values are:
  - inband: Device plays indication tones without answering; not available on all PRI/BRI subscription lines.
  - outofband: Device disconnects with busy/congestion information code so the switch will play the indication tones to the caller. Busy() will now do same as setting PRI_CAUSE=17 and Hangup().

• **Enable Facility**
  To enable transmission of facility-based ISDN supplementary services (such as caller name from CPE over facility).

• **NSF**
  Used with AT&T PRIs. If outbound calls are being rejected due to "Mandatory information element missing" and the missing IE is 0x20, then you need this setting.

• **Echo Cancellation**
  Disable or enable echo cancellation; it is recommended not to turn this off.

• **Hide Caller ID**
  If you want others to see your CID, please disable this option.

• **Codec**
You can choose alaw or ulaw.

1) Caller ID Prefix

- **ISDN Dialplan**
  These settings are set to make the caller ID prefix work according to information sent from the E1 provider. ISDN telephony numbering plan Recommendation E.164.

- **International Prefix**
  When there are international calls coming in via this BRI trunk, the International Prefix you have set here will be added before the CID. So you can know this is an international call before you answer it.

- **National Prefix**
  When there are national calls coming in via this BRI trunk, the National Prefix you have set here will be added before the CID. So you can know this is a national call before you answer it.

- **Local Prefix**
  When there are Local calls coming in via this BRI trunk, the Local Prefix you have set here will be added before the CID. So you can know this is a local call before you answer it.

- **Private Prefix**
  When there are Private calls coming in via this BRI trunk, the Private Prefix you have set here will be added before the CID. So you can know this is a Private call before you answer it.

- **Unknown Prefix**
  When there are calls with unknown number coming via this BRI trunk, the Unknown Prefix you set here will be shown as the caller ID.

2) Dialplan

- **Remote Dialplan**
  Calling number type

- **Remote Number Type**
  Calling number identification

- **Location Dialplan**
  Called number type
- **Location Number Type**
  Called number identification

3) **DOD Setting**
DOD (Direct Outward Dialing) means the caller ID displayed when dialing out. Before configuring this, please make sure the provider supports this feature.

- **Global DOD**
  Global Direct Outward Dialing Number

- **DOD**
  Direct Outward Dialing Number.

- **Associated Extension**
  The extension making call out via BRI Trunk will display the associated DOD.

- **Add DOD**
  Add DOD for one associated extension.

- **Add Bulk DOD**

  ![Figure 6-22 Add Bulk DOD](image)

  Add bulk DOD for bulk extensions in ascending sequence with the “Begin DOD” you fill in. For example, if the Associated Extensions are 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105 with “Begin DOD” as 5500100, the corresponding DOD will be 5500100, 5500101, 5500102, 5500103, 5500104, and 5500105.
**PSTN trunk**

The public switched telephone network (PSTN) is the network of the world's public circuit-switched telephone networks.

![Figure 6-23](image)

Click edit to configure more details.

![Figure 6-24](image)

- **Trunk Name**
  A unique label used to identify this trunk when listed in outbound rules, incoming rules, etc. E.g. “pstn5”.

- **Volume Setting**
  Used to modify the volume level of this trunk. Normally, this setting does not need to be changed.
1) Hangup Detection

- **Busy Detection**
  Busy Detection is used to detect far end hang-up or for detecting a busy signal. Select “Yes” to turn this feature on.

- **Busy Count**
  If Busy Detection is enabled, it is also possible to specify how many busy tones to wait for before disconnecting the call. The default is 4, but better results can be achieved if set to 6 or even 8. Remember, the higher the number, the more time will be required to release a channel. A higher setting lowers the probability that you will encounter random hang-ups.

- **Busy Interval**
  The busy detection interval

- **Busy Pattern**
  If Busy Detection is enabled, it is also possible to specify the cadence of your busy signal. In many Countries, it is 500 msec on, 500 msec off. Without Busy Pattern specified, MyPBX will accept any regular sound-silence pattern that repeats <Busy Count> times as a busy signal. If you specify Busy Pattern, then MyPBX will further check the length of the tone and silence, which will further reduce the chance of a false positive disconnection.

- **Frequency Detection**
  Used for Frequency Detection (Enable detecting the busy signal frequency or not).

- **Busy Frequency**
  If the Frequency Detection is enabled, you must specify the local frequency.

- **Hangup Polarity Reversal Detection**
  The call will be considered as “hang up” on a polarity reversal.

2) Answer Detection

- **Answer Detection**
  Answer Detection settings are configured for accurate billing. If the PSTN trunk sends polarity after answering the call, users can choose "Polarity Detection"; or else choose "Ring Detection", and configure the detailed settings according to the PSTN line ring tone.

3) Caller ID setting

- **Caller ID Start**
  This option allows you to define the start of a Caller ID signal:
Ring: Start when a ring is received (Caller ID Signaling: Bell_USA, DTMF).
Polarity: Start when a polarity reversal is started (Caller ID Signaling: V23_UK, V23_JP, DTMF).
Before Ring: Start before a ring is received (Caller ID Signaling: DTMF).

**Caller ID Signaling**
This option defines the type of Caller ID signaling to use. It can be set to one of the following:
- Bell: bell202 as used in the United States
- v23_UK: suitable in the UK
- v23_Japan: suitable in Japan
- v23-Japan pure: suitable in Japan
- DTMF: suitable in Denmark, Sweden, and Holland

**Caller ID Detection**
For FXO trunks, this option forces MyPBX to clarify Caller ID incoming calls

**GSM/UMTS Trunk**
GSM/UMTS trunks are supported in MyPBX Standard V7 if you have got the GSM/UMTS module and SIM cards installed. One GSM/UMTS trunk supports only one SIM card for one concurrent call.

![Figure 6-24](image)

Click edit to configure more details.

![Figure 6-25](image)

**Trunk Name**
A unique label used to identify this trunk when listed in outbound rules, incoming rules, etc. E.g. “GSM/UMTS9”.
6.2.1 Volume Setting
Used to modify the volume level of this trunk. Normally, this setting does not need to be changed.

- PIN Code
Please enter your SIM card PIN code here if your card has a PIN code.

6.2.2 VoIP Trunk
There are two types of VOIP trunk in MyPBX: SIP and IAX, in this page, we can also configure the “service provider” trunk, which doesn’t need the use name and password for authorization, when you have bought a trunk from provider with IP address only, please choose “service provider” trunk.

![VoIP Trunk Configuration](image)

**Figure 6-26**

**6.2.2.1 VoIP Trunk**
In this page, we can configure VoIP trunk (SIP/ IAX) you have got from provider with the authorization name and password.

![VoIP Trunk Configuration](image)

**Figure 6-31**

1) **Add VoIP Trunk**
Input the correct SIP information (provided by VoIP provider). Inaccurate information will prevent the trunk from registering. You can delete multiple trunks at once as required.
**Type**
SIP – Identifies whether the trunk sends and receives calls using the VoIP protocol SIP

**Provider Name**
A unique label to help you identify this trunk when listed in outbound rules, incoming rules etc. E.g. “yeastar”.

**Hostname/IP**
Service provider’s hostname or IP address. 5060 is the standard port number used by SIP protocol. Don’t change this part if it is not required.

**Domain**
VoIP provider’s server domain name.
Username
Username of the SIP account. Used for SIP trunk registration.

Authorization name
Used for SIP authentication. Leave this blank if not required.

Password
Password of the SIP account.

From User
All outgoing calls from this SIP Trunk will use the From User (In this case the account name for SIP Registration) in From Header of the SIP Invite package. Keep this field blank if not needed.

Online number
Define the online number that expected by “Skype Connect” and some other SIP service providers. Leave this field blank if not needed.

Maximum Channels
Controls the maximum number of outbound channels (simultaneous calls) that can be used on this trunk. Inbound calls are not counted against the maximum. Set as 0 to specify no maximum.

Caller ID
Specify the caller ID to use when making outbound calls over this trunk. The caller ID set in the "extension" page will override the caller ID set in the “VoIP trunk” page. Please note that not all the service providers support this feature. Contact your service provider for more information.

Outbound Proxy Server
A proxy that receives requests from a client. Even though it may not be the server resolved by the Request-URI.

Codecs
Define the codec for this sip trunk and its priority

Note: To change the codec type and priority of this trunk, please create it first, it will appear when you edit it again.

Transport
This will be the transport method used by the SIP Trunk. This method is given by the SIP trunk provider. The options are UDP (default) or TCP or TLS.

Enable SRTP
Define if SRTP is enabled for this trunk

- **Qualify**
  Send check alive packets to the sip provider.

- **DTMF mode**
  Set default mode for sending DTMF of this trunk. Default setting: rfc2833

- **DOD**
  DOD (Direct Outward Dialing) means the caller ID displayed when dialing out. Before configuring this, please make sure the provider supports this feature.

- **Associated Extension**
  The extension making call out via SIP Trunk will display the associated DOD.

- **Add DOD**
  Add DOD for one associated extension.

- **Add Bulk DOD**

  ![Add Bulk DOD](image)

  Add bulk DOD for bulk extensions in ascending sequence with the “Begin DOD” you fill in. For example, if the Associated Extensions are 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105 with “Begin DOD” as 5500100, the corresponding DOD will be 5500100, 5500101, 5500102, 5500103, 5500104, and 5500105.
2) **Add IAX trunk**
Input the correct IAX information (provided by VoIP provider). Inaccurate information will prevent the trunk from registering.

![Add VoIP trunk](image)

**Figure 6-29**

- **Type**
  IAX – Identifies whether the trunk sends and receives calls by using the VoIP protocol IAX.

- **Provider Name**
  A unique label to help you identify this trunk when listed in outbound rules, incoming rules etc. E.g. "yeastar2".

- **Hostname/IP**
  Service provider’s hostname or IP address. 4569 is the standard port number used by IAX protocol. Don’t change this part if it is not required.

- **Username**
  Username of IAX account; Used for IAX trunk registration.

- **Password**
  Password of IAX account
.Online number
Define the online number that expected by “Skype Connect” and some other SIP service providers. Leave this field blank if it's no required.

·Maximum Channels
Controls the maximum number of outbound channels (simultaneous calls) that can be used on this trunk. Inbound calls are not counted against the maximum. Set as 0 to specify no maximum.

·Caller ID
Specify the caller ID to use when making outbound calls over this trunk. The caller ID set in the "extension" page will override the caller ID setting in the "VoIP trunk" page. Please note that not all the service providers support this feature. Contact your service provider for more information.

·DOD
DOD (Direct Outward Dialing) means the caller ID displayed when dialing out. Before configuring this, please make sure the provider supports this feature.

·Associated Extension
The extension making call out via IAX Trunk will display the associated DOD.

·Add DOD
Add DOD for one associated extension.

·Add Bulk DOD
Add bulk DOD for bulk extensions in ascending sequence with the “Begin DOD” you fill in. For example, if the Associated Extensions are 100, 101, 102, 103,
104, 105 with “Begin DOD” as 5500100, the corresponding DOD will be 5500100, 5500101, 5500102, 5500103, 5500104, and 5500105.

6.2.2.2 Service Provider

In this page, we can configure Service Provider. You can add Service Provider as required. And also you can delete multiple trunks at once by ticking the checkbox as required.

![Figure 6-31](image)

Below is service provider trunk (peer to peer mode), which authorize using IP address only. If you have got a trunk with IP address only, please choose this type.

![Figure 6-32](image)

- **Type**
  SIP or IAX
SIP – Identifies whether the trunk sends and receives calls by using the VoIP protocol SIP.
IAX - Identifies whether the trunk sends and receives calls by using the VoIP protocol IAX.

- **Provider Name**
  A unique label would help to identify this trunk. E.g. “Provider2”.

- **Hostname/IP**
  Service provider's hostname or IP address.
  **Note**: 5060 is the standard port number used by SIP protocol, 4569 is the standard port number used by IAX protocol. Don’t change this part if it is not required.

- **Maximum Channels**
  Control the maximum number of outbound channels (simultaneous calls) that can be used on this trunk. Inbound calls are not counted against the maximum. Leave blank to specify no maximum.

- **Codecs**
  Define the codec for this sip trunk and its priority
  **Note**: codec can only display when editing it after creating the trunk.

- **Transport**
  This will be the transport method used by the SIP Trunk. This method is given by the SIP trunk provider. The options are UDP (default) or TCP or TLS.

- **Qualify**
  Send check alive packets to the sip provider.

- **DTMF mode**
  Set default mode for sending DTMF of this trunk. Default setting: rfc2833

- **DOD**
  DOD (Direct Outward Dialing) means the caller ID displayed when dialing out. Before configuring this, please make sure the provider supports this feature.

- **Associated Extension**
  The extension making call out via this Trunk will display the associated DOD.

- **Add DOD**
  Add DOD for one associated extension.
Add bulk DOD for bulk extensions in ascending sequence with the “Begin DOD” you fill in. For example, if the Associated Extensions are 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105 with “Begin DOD” as 5500100, the corresponding DOD will be 5500100, 5500101, 5500102, 5500103, 5500104, and 5500105.
6.3 Outbound Call Control

6.3.1 Outbound Routes

In this page, we can configure the outbound rules to control the outgoing calls.

**Note:**
1. The max number of outbound route is 64.
2. If the dial patterns are the same in several routes, MyPBX will choose the available routes from top to the last one.
3. When you have created a new extension, please edit the outbound route so that it can dial out too.

We can create outbound route or use the default route “pстнут” (dial 9+numbers to dial out). Also you can delete multiple outbound routes at once as required.
**Route Name**
Name of this Outbound Route. E.g. “Local” or “Long Distance”.

**Password**
The route password can be used to protect this route from being accessed without a password. You can choose one of the passwords in the PIN list that you can click the “Pin Settings” to edit it in “Pin Settings” page.

**T.38 Support:**
Enable T38 fax in this outbound route (Only for SIP Trunk).
· **Rrmemory Hunt**
Round robin with memory, remembers which trunk was used last time, and then use the next available trunk to call out.

· **Office Hours**
When a specific office hour is selected, this outbound route can only be used during this office hour, and can't be used in non-office hours.

· **Dial Pattern**
Outbound calls that match this dial pattern will use this outbound route. There are a number of dial pattern characters that have special meanings:

- **X**: Any Digit from 0-9
- **Z**: Any Digit from 1-9
- **N**: Any Digit from 2-9
- **[12345-9]** : Any digit in the brackets (in this example, 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9)
The "." Character will match any remaining digits. For example, “9011.” will match any phone number that starts with “9011”, excluding “9011” itself.
The “!” will match none remaining digits, and causes the matching process to complete as soon as it can be determined that no other matches are possible.

Example 1: **NXXXXXX** will match any 7-digit phone number.
Example 2: **1NXXNXXXXX** will match a phone number starting with a 1, followed by a 3-digit area code, and then 6-digit number.

· **Strip**
Allows the user to specify the number of digits that will be stripped from the front of the phone number before the call is placed. For example, if users must press 0 before dialing a phone number, one digit should be stripped from the dial string before the call is placed.

· **Prepend**
These digits will be prepended to the phone number before the call is placed. For example, if a trunk requires 10-digit dialing, but users are more comfortable with 7-digit dialing, this field could be used to prepend a 3-digit area code to all 7-digit phone numbers before calls are placed.

· **Add**
Add multiple dial patterns in this outbound route.

· **Member Extensions**
Define the extensions that will be permitted to use this outbound route.

· **Member Trunks**
Define the trunks that can be used for this outbound route.
6.3.2 Speed Dial Settings

1) Options
   - **The prefix of speed dial**
     The prefix should be dialed before the speed dial number. The default is *99.

2) Add new speed dial.
   - **Source Number**
     The speed dial number.
   - **Destination Number**
     The number you want to call.
     E.g. the source number is "123". The destination number is 5503305. The prefix number is *99. You can use an extension with any type to dial *99123, then it will call the number 5503305.
     **Note:** Don’t forget to add the outbound dial prefix if you would like to dial the speed dial number through trunk.
6.4 Inbound Call Control

In this page, we can configure the details of IVR, ring group, queue and inbound routes.

6.4.1

When there’s an inbound call aims at Auto Attendant, MyPBX will play an IVR recording and route the caller to the requested destination (for example, “Welcome to XX company, for sales press 1, for technical support press 2, for operator press 0, etc”). The system will transfer the call to corresponding extension according to DTMF digits inputted by the user.

![Figure 6-38](image)

There is a default IVR here, you can edit it directly or add IVR by yourself.
- **Number**
  MyPBX treats IVR as an extension; you can dial this extension number to reach the IVR from internal extensions.

- **Name**
  A name for the IVR

- **Prompt**
  The prompt recording that will be played when this IVR is reached.

- **Repeat Count**
  The number of times that the selected IVR prompt will be played.

- **Key Timeout**
  Wait for the user to enter a new extension for a specified number of seconds.
- **Enable Direct Dial**
  Allow the caller to dial other extensions number directly.

- **Key Press Events**
  A list of actions that can be performed depending on the digit dialed by the user.

- **Key**
  The Key pressed when the callers hear the IVR prompt.

- **Action**
  When the callers press the corresponding key, the action that MyPBX will execute.
  - No Action: Do nothing
  - Connect to Extension: Connect the call to an extension.
  - Connect to Voicemail: Connect the call to the voicemail of an extension.
  - Connect to RingGroup: Connect the call to a ringgroup.
  - Connect to IVR: Connect the call to an IVR.
  - Connect to Conference Room: Connect the call to a conference room.
  - Connect to DISA: Connect the call to a DISA.
  - Connect to Queue: Connect the call to a queue.
  - Connect to Faxes: Connect the call to Faxes of extensions.
  - Dial by Name: The callers can dial the name of an extension to connect to the corresponding extension.
  - Hung up: Hang up the call.

- **Destination**
  Where will MyPBX route the call when the action occurs.

- **Time Out**
  Define the timeout action. A timeout occurs after the IVR prompt has finished playing for the number of times specified by the “Repeat Count” field.

- **Invalid**
  Define the invalid action. The invalid action is triggered if the user enters a DTMF digit that is not defined for this IVR.
6.4.2

Ring groups can be configured to balance the call traffic for multiple users and give callers a higher level of availability for incoming calls. Multiple ring methods and voicemail are supported.

**Note:** follow me feature in extension page will not take effect when it’s ringing as an agent.

There is a default ringgroup, you can edit it or create a new one.
- **Ring Group Name**
This option defines a name for this group, e.g. “Sales”. “Ring Group Name” is a label to help you identify this group in the group list.

- **Ring Group Number**
This option defines the numbered extension that can be dialed to reach this group.

- **Strategy**
This option sets the Ringing Strategy for this Group. The options are as follows:
1. Ring All Simultaneously: Ring all available Extensions simultaneously.
2. Ring Sequentially: Ring each extension in the group one at a time.

- **Mobility Extension Rings Simultaneously**
If set to yes, when the extension in the Ring group is called, the associated mobility extension will ring simultaneously. Beforehand, the option of “Rings Simultaneously” should be ticked in the extension settings.

- **Seconds to ring each member**
1. If the strategy is “Ring All Simultaneously”, it means the number of seconds to ring this group before routing the call according to the “Destination if No Answer” settings.
2. If the strategy is “Ring Sequentially”, it means the number of seconds to ring a single extension before moving onto the next one.

- **Ring Group Members**
An extension can be made a member of this ring group by moving it into the “Selected” box.

- **Destination If No Answer**
When all members on this group fail to answer the call, system will handle the call according to the selected destination.
6.4.3

Call Queues give users (e.g. call centers) an efficient means to have their calls answered in the order they were received to deliver top tier customer service.

Figure 6-42

Call queues allow calls to be sequenced to one or more agents.

**Note:**

1. Dial “Queue number + ‘*’” to log in or “Queue number + ‘**’” to log out the queue. For example, if the queue number is “680”, then agent can dial “680*” to log in or “680**” to log out.
2. Follow me feature in extension page will not take effect when it’s ringing as an agent of queue.
**Figure 6-43**

- **Queue Name**
  A name for the Queue.
· **Queue Number**
Use this number to dial into the queue, or transfer callers to this number to put them into the queue.

· **Queue Password**
You can require agents to enter a password before they can login to this queue.

· **Queue Agent Timeout**
The number of seconds an agent's phone can ring before we consider it a timeout.

· **Queue Max Wait Time**
The maximum number of seconds a caller can wait in a queue before being pulled out (0 for unlimited).

· **Queue Ring Strategy**
This option sets the Ringing Strategy for this Queue. The options are

  - **RingAll**: Ring All available Agents simultaneously until one answers.
  - **LeastRecent**: Ring the Agent which was least recently called.
  - **FewestCalls**: Ring the Agent with the fewest completed calls.
  - **Random**: Ring a Random Agent.
  - **RRmemory**: Round Robin with Memory, Remembers where it left off in the last ring pass”.

1) **Agents**
This selection shows all users. Selecting a user here makes them a agent of the current queue.

2) **Caller Position Announcements**
   · **Announce Position**
   Announce position of caller in the queue

   · **Announce Hold Time**
   Enabling this option causes MyPBX to announce the hold time to the caller periodically based on the frequency timer. Either yes or no; hold time will not be announced if <1 minute.

   · **Frequency**
   How often to announce queue position and estimated hold time.
   **Note**: “0 seconds” means disable the announcement.

3) **Periodic Announcements**
   · **Prompt**
   Select a prompt file to play periodically.
- **Frequency**
  How often to announce a prompt to the caller.

4) **Events**
If a caller presses the key while waiting in the queue, this setting selects which action should process the key press.

5) **Failover-Destination**
Define the failover action. A failover occurs after the user reach the Queue max wait time.

6) **Others**
   - **Music on Hold**
     Select the "Music on Hold" Class for this Queue.

   - **Leave When Empty**
     This option controls whether callers already on hold are forced out of a queue that has no agents. There are two options.
     Yes: Callers are forced out of a queue when no agents are logged in.
     No: Callers will remain in a queue with no agents.

   - **Join Empty**
     This option controls whether callers can join a call queue that has no agents. There are two options,
     Yes: Callers can join a call queue with no agents or only unavailable agents
     No: Callers cannot join a queue with no agents
     The default option is No.

   - **Agent Announcement**
     Announcement played to the Agent prior to bridging in the caller.

   - **Join Announcement**
     Announcement played to callers once prior to joining the queue.

   - **Retry**
     The number of seconds we wait before trying all the phones again.

   - **Wrap-up time**
     How many seconds after the completion of a call an Agent will have before the Queue can ring them with a new call. The default is 30.
6.4.4

Conference Calls increase employee efficiency and productivity, and provide a more cost-effective way to hold meetings. Conference agents can dial * to access the settings options and the admin can kick the last user out and can lock the conference room.

- **Extension**
  This is the number dialed to reach this Conference Room.

- **Admin**
  Admin can kick a user out and can lock the conference room.

- **Pin**
  Set a PIN that must be entered in order to access this conference room (e.g. 1234).

Figure 6-44

Figure 6-45
6.4.5

Inbound routing processes incoming call traffic to destination extensions during office hours or outside office hours

There is a default inbound route for all the trunks and set IVR as the destination, you can edit it or create a new one for your demands or you can delete multiple outbound routes at once as required. When an incoming call arrives, the system will first check “fax detection”, then “Holidays”, at last “Business Days”.
1) General

- **Route Name**
  A name for this inbound route. E.g. "pstnin" etc.

- **DID Number**
  Define the expected DID Number if this trunk passes DID on incoming calls. Leave this field blank to match calls with any or no DID info. You can also use pattern matching to match a range of numbers. The following patterns may be used:
  
  - **X**: Any Digit from 0-9
  - **Z**: Any Digit from 1-9
\**N**: Any Digit from 2-9  
[12345-9]: Any digit in the brackets (in this example, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9)  
The “.” Character will match any remaining digits. For example, “9011.” will match any phone number that starts with “9011”, excluding “9011” itself.  
The “!” will match none remaining digits, and causes the matching process to complete as soon as it can be determined that no other matches are possible.  

Example 1: **NXXXXXX** will match any 7-digit phone number.  
Example 2: **1NXXNXXXXX** will match a phone number starting with a 1, followed by a 3-digit area code, and then 6-digit number.  

For more information, please refer to **Appendix G How to Use DID**.

**·Extension**  
Define the extension for DID number. This field is only valid when you use BRI, SIP, SPS or SPX trunk for this inbound router. You can only input number and “-” in this field, and the format can be xxx or xxx-x. The count of the number must be only one or equal the count of the DID number.

**·Caller ID Number**  
Define the Caller ID Number to be matched on incoming calls. Leave this field blank to match any or no DID info.  
You can also use a pattern match (e.g. 2[345]X) to match a range of numbers.  
The following patterns may be used:  
\*X*: Any Digit from 0-9  
\*Z*: Any Digit from 1-9  
\*N*: Any Digit from 2-9  
[12345-9]: Any digit in the brackets (in this example, 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9)  
The “.” Character will match any remaining digits. For example, “9011.” will match any phone number that starts with “9011”, excluding “9011” itself.  
The “!” will match none remaining digits, and causes the matching process to complete as soon as it can be determined that no other matches are possible.  

Example 1: **NXXXXXX** will match any 7 digits phone number.  
Example 2: **1NXXNXXXXX** will match a phone number starting with a 1, followed by a 3-digit area code, and then 6 digit number.  

**·Distinctive Ringtone**  
MyPBX support mapping to custom ring tone files. For example, if you configure the distinctive ringing for custom ring tone to “Family”, the ring tone will be played if the phone receives the incoming call.  

**·Enable Callback**  
You can enable the callback function of this inbound route. If you want to
configure the callback function, please refer to chapter 6.7.4

How do I configure distinctive ring tones? Please refer to APPENDIX E. Currently distinctive ringtone can be compatible with Yealink and Snom phone.

2) Member Trunks
This area allows you to select which trunks will be member trunks for this route. To make a trunk a member of this route, please move it to the “Selected” box.

3) Business Days
Define where the calls will be routed during Business Days.

·Office Hours
Select one defined business days office hours.

·Office Hours Destination
Configure where to route the incoming calls during office hours.

·End Calls
Route the incoming calls to end calls, the system will auto hang up the call.

·Extension
Route the incoming calls to a specific extension.

·Voicemail
Route the incoming calls to extension’s voicemail.

·IVR
Route the incoming calls to a specific IVR.

·Ring Group
Route the incoming calls to a specific Ring Group.

·Conference Room
Route the incoming calls to a specific Conference Room.

·DISA
Route the incoming calls to a specific DISA.

·Queues
Route the incoming calls to a specific Queue.

·Faxes
Route the incoming faxes to a specific extension’s mail address.
Note: This function only supports T.38 faxes.

- **Outbound Routes**
  Route the incoming calls to a specific outbound route.

This function is mainly used for the connection of two branches. For example: Company A locates headquarters in the USA with a branch B in China. A and B both have MyPBX phone systems. Now if staff of A would like to make a call to a telephone or mobile phone in China from the extension of A but via the FXS line of B, that can be done by this configuration.

- **Non-office Hours Destination**
  Configure where to route the incoming calls during non-office hours.

  4) **During Holidays**
  Define where the calls will be routed during Holidays.

  - **Holiday**
    Select which defined Holiday to use. When a time is defined in both Business Days and Holidays, it will be treated as Holidays.

  - **Destination**
    Configure where to route the incoming calls during holidays.

  5) **Fax Detection**
  Configure if detecting faxes in this inbound route.

  **Note:** Please choose IVR as the destination above before configuring fax detection (recommended).

  - **Destination**
    Configure where the faxes will be routed when faxes are detected.

  - **No detect**
    Do not detect faxes.

  - **Custom Email**
    Customize an E-mail address to receive the faxes. You should first configure the "Voicemail Settings->SMTP Settings for Voicemail" correctly before you use this option.

  - **Faxes**
    Send faxes to an extension. If choosing a FXS extension here, the fax will be sent to the FXS port selected, you should connect a fax machine to this FXS port.
If Choosing a VoIP extension, the fax will be sent to the extension’s voicemail as an attachment.

**Note:** If you want to receive faxes with custom Email address, the “SMTP settings” of “Voicemail Settings” should be configured successfully in advance. If you want to receive faxes with E-mail address configured in VoIP extension voicemail, you should first make sure the tested email to your email address works fine.
6.5 Audio Settings

Custom prompts are supported in MyPBX. You can use the Audio In (only for U100, U200, U300) and change the system prompts to your local country’s prompt.

6.5.1

We can record or upload the prompts in this page, you can also play it directly to confirm if it’s a valid one, you can also download it and save it as an backup.

![Custom Prompts Table](image)

**1. Record new Prompt**

![Record New Prompt](image)

The administrator can record custom prompts by doing the following:
1) Click “Record New Custom Prompt”
2) Input the desired file name on the popup window and choose an extension to call for recording (such as 500).
3) Click “Record”. The selected extension will ring and you can pick up the phone to start recording.

**2. Upload Prompt**
The administrator can also upload prompts by doing the following:
1) Click “Upload Prompt”.
2) Click “Browse” to choose the desired prompt.
3) Click “Upload” to upload the selected prompt.

**Note:** The file size must not be larger than 1.8 MB, and the file must be WAV format:
- GSM 6.10 8 kHz, Mono, 1 Kb/s;
- Alaw/Ulaw 8 kHz, Mono, 1 Kb/s;
- PCM 8 kHz, Mono, 16 Kb/s.

### 6.5.2 Music on Hold Prompts

In this page, we can upload the music on hold prompts and adjust the volume from Audio In interface.

The administrator can upload on hold music as follows:
1) Click “Upload Music on Prompt”.
2) Click “Browse” to choose the desired audio file.
3) Click “Upload” to upload the selected file.
Note: The file size must not be larger than 1.8 MB, and the file must be WAV format:
GSM 6.10 8 kHz, Mono, 1 Kb/s;
Alaw/Ulaw 8 kHz, Mono, 1 Kb/s;
PCM 8 kHz, Mono, 16 Kb/s.

6.5.3

MyPBX have prompts of many languages. You can download the appropriate language you need. MyPBX can support American English, Australian English, Chinese, Dutch, French, Canadian French, German, Greek, Hungarian, Italian, Polish, Portuguese, Brazilian Portuguese, Russian, Spanish, Mexican Spanish, Turkish, Thai, and Korean currently.

Note:
1. Auto-detection is highly recommended. But if you prefer to download via HTTP or TFTP server, please contact the local dealer for the prompts.
2. When update successfully, just click “Apply Changes” on Web then it will take effect, there is no need to reboot.
6.6 Basic Settings

There are some basic settings we need to configure MyPBX U100&U200, like the general preferences, business hours, feature codes, and voicemail settings.

6.6.1

In this page, there are some general settings of MyPBX.

![General Preferences](image)

1) General

- **Ring Timeout**
  Number of seconds to ring a device before handling the call as per the extension’s Follow Me settings. The default value is 30s.

- **MAX call duration**
  The absolute maximum amount of time permitted for a call. A setting of 0 disables the timeout. The default value is 6000s.
Maximum concurrent calls
Maximum concurrent calls limits. The default value 0 means no limit.

Music on hold
Used to set hold music for the system.
Note: if you need use the "live music" from "Audio In" interface, please choose "external music" here.

Tone Region
Please select your country or nearest neighboring country to enable the default dial tone, busy tone, and ring tone for your region.
Note: please reboot the system to take effect.

Dsp Fax
Enable Dsp to optimize Fax reception.

HTTP bind port/Web Access Port
Port to use for HTTP sessions; Default: 80
Note: please reboot the system to take it effect.

FXO Mode
FXO port’s operation mode.

Virtual Ring Back Tone
It’s only for GSM/UMTS trunk. Once enabled, when the caller call out with GSM/UMTS trunks, the caller will only hear the virtual ring back tone generated by the system before callee answers the call.

Distinctive Caller ID
When incoming calls are routed from ring group/queue/IVR, the caller ID displays with the name of ring group/queue/IVR, for example 5503302(ringgroup_default).

Note: To display IVR’s name, please press the key instead of the extension number directly.

Attended Transfer Caller ID
When transferring an incoming call using the attended transfer feature code or the transfer key of IP phone, the Caller ID of transferee or transferer displayed on the screen of the callee. The default display is the Caller ID of the initiator. For example, if extension 500 makes a call to extension 501. After 501 picks up the call, 501 makes an attended transfer to extension 502. If selecting “Transferer”, 502 will display the Caller ID as 500; if selecting “Transferee”, 502 will display the Caller ID as 501.
· **Follow Me Prompt**
  When set “Follow me” to “Transfer to number” on the extension page (e.g. when 500 is busy, transfer to 501), while 500 is busy, the call will be transferred to 501. If “Enable Follow Me Prompt” choosing yes, there will be prompt before transferring the call. Otherwise, the call will be transferred directly without any prompt. Default: Yes.

· **Music on Hold for Follow Me Prompt**
  Configure whether to play a prompt “please hold while I try to locate the person you are calling” when transfer a call by follow me settings.

· **Invalid Phone Number Prompt**
  Configure the prompt when the dialed phone number is invalid.

· **Busy Line Prompt**
  Configure the prompt when the dialed phone number is busy.

· **Dial Failure Prompt**
  Configure the prompt when dial failed due to conjunction no-available channel.

2) Web Server
   · **HTTP**
     Enable or disable HTTP session.

   · **HTTP Bind Port**
     Default port to use for HTTP session is 80.

   · **HTTPS**
     Enable or disable HTTPS session.

   · **HTTPS Bind Port**
     Default port to use for HTTPS session is 443.

   **Note**: please reboot the system to take effect

3) Extension Preferences
   · **User Extensions**
     The default value is 500 to 616

   · **Ring Group Extensions**
     The default value is 620 to 629

   · **Paging Group Extensions**
The default value is 630 to 639

**Conference Extensions**
The default value is 640 to 659

**IVR Extensions**
The default value is 660 to 679

**Queue Extensions**
The default value is 680 to 689

### 6.6.2 Business Hours

Business Hours setting including “Holidays” is used to control the incoming calls, we can configure it in this page.

![Business Hours Configuration](image)

**Figure 6-55**

1) **General**
   - **Enable Business Hours**
   - **disable Business Hours**

2) **Others**
   - **Enable Office Closed Timing**
   By dialing *81 (*81 is the default code) on an extension will force the office time closed for the device whatever the general setting is.

   - **Enable Office Timing**
   By dialing *82 (*82 is the default code) on an extension will force the office time to take effect for the device whatever the general setting is.
**Disable Office closed timing**
By dialing *081 (*081 is the default code) on an extension will disable the Office Closed Timing.

3) Add office hours
You can setup the business hours here.

4) Add Holiday
You can setup the holidays here.
If a time period is configured as both Holidays and office hours, it will be treated as Holidays.

### 6.6.3

There are many feature codes available in MyPBX, which allow users to dial from extension side to realize the exact feature.

1) General
   - **One Touch Record**
   A user may initiate or stop call recording by dialing *1 during a call. (*1 is the default setting).

   - **Extension for Checking Voicemail**
Users can check their Voicemail by dialing *2 on their phone (*2 is the default setting).

**Voicemail for Extension**
Users can leave a voicemail to other extensions by dialing # on their phone or the incoming call could be forwarded to an extension’s voicemail directly. (# is the default setting).

For example, extension 500 want to leave a message for extension 501, users can use 500 dial "#501" to enter the voicemail of 501.

**Voicemail main menu**
Users can go to the main menu by dialing *02 (*02 is the default setting).

**Attended Transfer**
Users may transfer an incoming call by dialing *3 on their phone (*3 is default setting).

**Attended Transfer Timeout**
The timeout value of transferring a call

**Blind Transfer**
Users may blind transfer an incoming call by dialing *03 on their phone (*03 is the default setting).

**Call Pickup**
Users may pick up an incoming call by dialing *4 on their phone (*4 is the default setting)

**Extension Pickup**
Users may pick up a specific extension’s incoming call by dialing *04+extension number on their phone (*04 is the default setting)

**Intercom**
Define the feature code that is used to dial an extension in intercom mode. For instance, setting this value to *5 would allow you to initiate an intercom call with extension 501 by dialing *5501.

**Normal Spy**
In this mode, you can only listen to the extension being spied, for example you can dial *90501 to monitor extension 501

**Whisper Spy**
In this mode you can listen/whisper to the extension being spied, for example,
dialing *91501 to listen to extension 501, you can also talk with 501 too.

**Barge Spy**
In this mode, you can barge in both extensions involved in the call, for example dialing *92501 to barge in and talk with extensions on both sides.

2) Call Park Preferences

**Call Parking**
User may park an incoming call on his own telephone by pressing "*6" (*6 is the default setting)

**Extension range used to park calls**
User may park an incoming call on a designated extension at first and then pick up the call again on any other extensions.

**Number of seconds a call can be parked before it is recalled.**
Define the time (in seconds) that a call can be parked before it is recalled to the station that parked it.

3) Call Forwarding Preferences

**Reset to Defaults**
Users may reset all call forwarding defaults by calling *70 on their phone (*70 is the default setting).

*Note*: When reset to defaults. The call forwarding settings will be configured as follows:
- Always forward: Disabled
- Busy forward to Voicemail: Enabled
- No answer forward to Voicemail: Enabled
- Do not disturb: Disabled

**Enable Forward All Calls**
Users may enable always forward by calling *71 on their phone (*71 is the default setting)

**Disable Forward All Calls**
Users may disable always forward by calling *071 on their phone (*071 is the default setting)

**Enable Forward When Busy**
Users may enable busy forward by dialing *72 on their phone (*72 is the default setting)

**Disable Forward When Busy**
Users may disable busy forward by calling *072 on their phone (*072 is the default setting)

- **Enable Forward No Answer**
  Users may enable no answer forward by calling *73 on their phone (*73 is the default setting)

- **Disable Forward No Answer**
  Users may disable no answer forward by calling *073 on their phone (*072 is the default setting)

- **Forward to number**
  Users may activate call forwarding by dialing this feature code, followed by the extension or phone number to forward all calls to this number.

  **Note**: Users may activate Forward to number by dialing *74 + phone number. E.g. by dialing *74501, all calls will be forwarded to extension 501.

- **Forward to Voicemail**
  Users may forward the call to Voicemail by calling *074 on their phone (*074 is the default setting)

- **Enable Do Not Disturb**
  Users may enable do not disturb by calling *75 on their phone (*75 is the default setting)

- **Disable Do Not Disturb**
  Users may disable do not disturb by calling *075 on their phone (*075 is the default setting)

**6.6.4**

In this page, we can configure some settings for voicemail feature, including general voicemail settings and SMTP settings, which is used for “voicemail to email”
1) General Voicemail Settings

a) Message Options
   - **Max Messages per Folder**
     Set the maximum number of messages that can be stored in a single voicemail box.
   
   - **Max Message Time**
     Set the maximum length of a single voicemail message.
   
   - **Min Message Time**
     Set the minimum length of a single voicemail message. Messages below this threshold will be automatically deleted.
   
   - **Ask Caller to Dial 5**
     If this option is set, the caller will be prompted to press 5 before leaving a message.
   
   - **Operator Breakout from Voicemail**
     If this option is set, the caller can jump out of the voicemail and go to the destination (IVR) you set by dialing “0”.

b) Greeting Settings
   - **Busy Prompt**
     Greeting played when the extension called is busy.
     Skip greeting: Do not play a greeting.
     Play busy greeting: play the extension busy greeting.
- **Unavailable Prompt**
  Greeting played when the extension called is Unavailable.
  Skip greeting: Do not play a greeting.
  Play Unavailable greeting: play the extension Unavailable greeting.

- **Leave a Message Prompt**
  Greeting played to ask the caller to dial 5 to leave a message.
  Skip greeting: Do not play a greeting.
  Play busy greeting: play the extension busy greeting.
  Play Unavailable greeting: play the extension Unavailable greeting.

c) Playback Options

- **Announce Message Caller ID**
  If this option is enabled, the Caller ID of the party that left the message will be played back before the voicemail message begins playing.

- **Announce Message Duration**
  If this option is set, the duration of the message in minutes will be played back before the voicemail message begins playing.

- **Announce Message Arrival Time**
  If this option is set, the arrival time of the message will be played back before the voicemail message begins playing.

- **Allow Users to Review Messages**
  Allow callers to review their recorded message before sending it to voicemail.

2) SMTP Settings for Voicemail

**Note**: If you want to send voicemail messages as email attachments, please configure this section.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SMTP Settings For Voicemail</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>E-mail Address</strong>: <a href="mailto:mypbx@sina.com">mypbx@sina.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Password</strong>: ***************</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>SMTP Server</strong>: smtp.sina.com</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Port</strong>: 25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Use SSL/TLS to send secure message to server**

![Image of SMTP settings](image)

Figure 6-58

- **E-mail Address**
  The E-mail Address that MyPBX will use to send voicemail.
- **Password**
The password for the email address used above

- **SMTP Server**
The IP address or hostname of an SMTP server that the MyPBX will connect to in order to send voicemail messages via email, e.g. mail.yourcompany.com.

- **Port**
SMTP Port: the default value is 25.

- **Use SSL/TLS to send secure message to server**
If the server of sending email needs to authenticate the sender, you need to select the check box.

  **Note:** Must be selected for Gmail or exchange server.

After filling out the above information, you can click on the “Test Account Settings” button to check whether the setup is OK.
1) If the test is successful, you can use the email safely.
2) If test failed, please check if the above information is correct or network is proper.
### 6.7 Advanced Settings

#### 6.7.1 SIP Settings

![SIP Settings](image)

**General**
- **UDP Port**
  Port used for SIP registrations. The default is 5060.
- **TCP Port**
  Port used for SIP registrations. The default is 5060.
- **TLS Port**
  Port used for SIP registrations. The default is 5061.
- **TLS Verify Server**
  When using MyPBX as a TLS client, whether or not to verify server’s certificate. It is “No” by default.
- **TLS Verify Client**
  When using MyPBX as a TLS server, whether or not to verify client’s certificate. It is “No” by default.
- **TLS Ignore Common Name**
  Set this parameter as “No”, then common name must be the same with IP or domain name.
- **TLS Client Method**
  When using MyPBX as TLS client, specify the protocol for outbound TLS connections. You can select it as tlsv1, sslv2 or sslv3.

- **RTP Port Start**
  Beginning of RTP port range

- **RTP Port End**
  End of RTP port range

- **DTMF Mode**
  Set default mode for sending DTMF. Default setting: rfc2833

- **Max Registration/Subscription Time**
  Maximum duration (in seconds) of a SIP registration. The default is 3600 seconds.

- **Min Registration/Subscription Time**
  Minimum duration (in seconds) of a SIP registration. The default is 60 seconds.

- **Default Incoming/Outgoing Registration Time**
  Default Incoming/Outgoing Registration Time: Default duration (in seconds) of incoming/outgoing registration.

- **Register Attempts**
  The number of SIP REGISTER messages to send to a SIP Registrar before giving up. The default is 0 (no limit).

- **Register Timeout**
  Number of seconds to wait for a response from a SIP Registrar before considering the register has timed out. The default is 20 seconds.

- **Calling Channel Codec Priority**
  Once enabled, when dialing out via SIP/SPS trunks, the codec of calling channel will be selected in preference. If not, MyPBX will follow the priority in your SIP/SPS trunks.

- **Video Support**
  Support for SIP video or no. The default is yes.

- **Max Bit Rate**
  Configure the max bit rate for video stream. The default: 384kb/s

- **DNS SRV Look Up**
Please enable this option when your SIP trunk contains more than one IP address.

**User Agent**
To change the user agent parameter of asterisk, the default is “MyPBX”; you should change it if needed.

2) NAT

![Figure 6-60](image)

**Note**: Configuration of this section is only required when using remote extensions.

**Enable STUN**
STUN (Simple Traversal of UDP through NATs) is a protocol for assisting devices behind a NAT firewall or router with their packet routing.

**STUN Address**
The STUN server allows clients to find out their public address, the type of NAT they are behind and the internet side port associated by the NAT with a particular local port. This information is used to set up UDP communication between the client and the VOIP provider and so establish a call.

**External IP Address**
The IP address that will be associated with outbound SIP messages if the system is in a NAT environment.

**External Host**
Alternatively you can specify an external host, and the system will perform DNS queries periodically.
This setting is only required when your public IP address is not static. It is recommended that a static public IP address be used with this system. Please contact your ISP for more information.
- **External Refresh Interval**
  If an external host has been supplied, you may specify how often the system will perform a DNS query on this host. This value is specified in seconds.

- **Local Network Identification**
  Used to identify the local network using a network number/subnet mask pair when the system is behind a NAT or firewall.
  Some examples of this are as follows:
  “192.168.0.0/255.255.0.0”: All RFC 1918 addresses are local networks;
  “10.0.0.0/255.0.0.0”: Also RFC1918;
  “172.16.0.0/12”: Another RFC1918 with CIDR notation;
  “169.254.0.0/255.255.0.0”: Zero conf local network.
  Please refer to RFC1918 for more information.

- **NAT Mode**
  Global NAT configuration for the system; the options for this setting are as follows:
  Yes = Use NAT. Ignore address information in the SIP/SDP headers and reply to the sender's IP address/port.
  No = Use NAT mode only according to RFC3581.
  Never = Never attempt NAT mode or RFC3581 support.
  Route = Use NAT but do not include rport in headers.

- **Allow RTP Reinvite**
  By default, the system will route media steams from SIP endpoints through itself. Enabling this option causes the system to attempt to negotiate the endpoints to route packets to each other directly, bypassing the system. It is not always possible for the system to negotiate endpoint-to-endpoint media routing.

3) Codecs

![Figure 6-61](image-url)
A codec is a compression or decompression algorithm that used in the transmission of voice packets over a network or the Internet.

**u-law:** A PSTN standard codec, used in North America, which provides very good voice quality and consumes 64kbit/s in each direction (receiving and transmitting) of a VoIP call.

**a-law:** A PSTN standard codec, used outside of North America, which provides very good voice quality and consumes 64kbit/s in each direction (receiving and transmitting) of a VoIP call.

**GSM:** A wireless standard codec, used worldwide, which provides adequate voice quality and consumes 13.3kbit/s in each direction (receiving and transmitting) of a VoIP call. GSM is supported by many VoIP phones.

**SPEEX:** Speex is an Open Source/Free Software patent-free audio compression format designed for speech. The Speex Project aims to lower the barrier of entry for voice applications by providing a free alternative to expensive proprietary speech codecs. Moreover, Speex is well-adapted to Internet applications and provides useful features that are not present in most other codecs.

**G.722:** G.722 is a wideband speech coding algorithms which supports the bit rate of 64, 56 and 48kbps wideband. It's a broadband voice encoding of G series.

**G.726:** A PSTN codec, used worldwide, that provides good voice quality and consumes 32kbit/s in each direction (receiving and transmitting) of a VoIP call. G.726 is supported by some VoIP phones.

**ADPCM, G.729A, H261, H263, H263p, H264, MPEG4.**

**Note:** If you would like to use G.729, please enter your license.

4) QoS

![QoS Settings](image)

QoS (Quality of Service) is a major issue in VoIP implementations. The issue is how to guarantee that packet traffic for a voice or other media connection will not be delayed or dropped due interference from other lower priority traffic.
When the network capacity is insufficient, QoS could provide priority to users by setting the value.

5) T.38

- **Re-invite SDP Not Add T.38 Attributes**
  If set to Yes, SDP in re-invite packet will not add T.38 attributes.

- **Error Correction**
  Re-invite SDP T38FaxUdpEc.

- **T38 Max Bit Rate**
  Set T38 Max Bit Rate.

6) Advanced Settings

- **From Field**
  Where to get the caller ID in SIP packet.

- **To Field**
  Where to get the DID in SIP packet.
· **180 Ringing**
  It is set when the telecom provider needs. Usually it is not needed.

· **Remote Party ID**
  Whether to send Remote-Party-ID on SIP header or not. Default: no.

· **Allow Guest**
  Whether to allow anonymous registration extension or not. Default: no.
  This option is used to avoid some anonymous calls by hackers. For more details about the system security configuration, please refer to [APPENDIX I MyPBX Security Configuration Guide](#).

· **Pedantic**
  Enable pedantic parameter. Default: no.

· **Alwaysauthreject**
  If enabled, when MyPBX rejects “Register” or “Invite” packets, MyPBX always respond the packets using “SIP404 NOT FOUND”.

· **OPTIONS Response 200**
  If set to yes, the response to an OPTIONS is always 200 OK.

· **Session -timers**
  Enable session-timer mode, default: yes

· **Session-expires**
  The max refresh interval

· **Session-minse**
  The min refresh interval, which mustn't be less than 90s

· **Session-refresher**
  Choose session-refresher, the default is Uas
6.7.2

![IAX Settings](image)

**Figure 6-65**

1) General

- **Bind Port**
  Port use for IAX2 registrations, Default is 4569.

- **Bandwidth**
  Low/medium/high with this option you can control which codec to be used.

- **Min Registration Time**
  Minimum duration (in seconds) of an IAX2 registration. The default is 60 seconds.

- **Max Registration Time**
  Maximum duration (in seconds) of an IAX2 registration. The default is 1200 seconds.

2) Codecs

A codec is a compression or decompression algorithm that used in the transmission of voice packets over a network or the Internet.

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**ADPCM, G.729A, H261, H263, H263p, H264.**

**Note**: If you would like to use G.729, please enter your license.

### 6.7.3

Blacklist is used to block an incoming/outgoing call. If the number of incoming/outgoing call is registered in the number blacklist, the caller will hear the following prompt: “The number you have dialed is not in service. Please check the number and try again”. The system will then disconnect the call.

We can add a number with the type: inbound, outbound or both.

**Note**: Add a phone number in blacklist, such as “05921234567”:
1) If the type is “inbound”, then this number can't be called.
2) If the type is “outbound”, then the extensions in MyPBX can’t call this number.
6.7.4

MyPBX allows caller A to dial an inbound route number, and after hearing the ring, A can hang up the call or wait for MyPBX to cut off the call, then MyPBX will call A with this number. When A picks up the call, A can dial the number he wants to call; MyPBX will call the number with its outbound route.

**Note:**
1. If you’d like to use callback feature, please make sure it’s enabled on the inbound route setting panel.
2. No callback rules needed to be set if the trunk supports call back with the caller ID directly.

- **Allow All Numbers**
  If you want to apply Callback function to all incoming numbers, please tick Allow All numbers.

Follow the steps below to use this function.
Step 1: Enable Callback.
Inbound Routes – Choose “Yes” on” Enable Callback” to enable this function.
Step 2: Create Callback number

![Add Callback Number](image)

Figure 6-70

Step 3: Create Callback Rules

You will need to create callback rules when the system should strip or add digits.

![Add Callback Rules](image)

Figure 6-71

- **Trunk Name**
  Choose the trunk with callback rules

- **Strip digits from front**
  Define how many digits will be stripped from the call in number before the callback is placed. For example, when you call from number 123456789 into MyPBX, the caller ID is 0123456789, but you can only call 123456789 successfully from MyPBX trunk. You should configure number 0123456789 as the call back number and strip 1 digit before the callback is placed.

- **Prepend before dialing**
  Define digits added before a callback number before the callback is placed. For example, the call in number (Caller ID) is 123456789, MyPBX need to send 9123456789 to its trunk when calling this number. You should configure 123456789 as the call back number and add 9 before the callback is placed. You can add “w” for analog trunks for some delay too.
6.7.5

DNIS (Dialed Number Identification Service) is a telephone service that identifies for the receiver of a call the number that the caller dialed.

![Add DNIS](image)

Figure 6-72

**Note:** If DID is not configured here, all the calls via this trunk will show the DNIS instead of the original caller ID.

6.7.6

DISA (Direct Inward System Access) allows someone calling in from outside the telephone switch (PBX) to obtain an “internal” system dial tone and make calls as if they were using one of the extensions attached to the telephone switch. To use DISA, a user calls a DISA number, which invokes the DISA application. The DISA application in turn requires the user to enter a PIN number, followed by the pound sign (#). If the PIN number is correct, the user will hear dial tone on which a call may be placed. Obviously, this type of access has serious security implications, and great care must be taken not to compromise your security.
1) General
  - **DISA Name**
    Give this DISA application a name to help you identify it.

  - **PIN**
    The password for this DISA

  - **PIN Settings**
    Click to add, delete or edit PIN list.

  - **Response Timeout**
    The maximum amount of time the system will wait before hanging up the call if the user has dialed an incomplete or invalid number. The default is 10 seconds.

  - **Digit Timeout**
    The maximum amount of time permitted between each digit when the user is dialing an extension number. The default is 5 seconds.

2) Member Outbound Routes
Used to set the outbound routes that can be accessed from this DISA.
6.7.5

PIN User is used to manage lists of PINs that can be used to access restricted features such as Outbound Routes.

1) Options
   - **Access Code**
     Dial this code to access PIN.
   - **Prompt for Entry**
     Prompt caller enter the PIN Number.
   - **Prompt for Entry Failure**
     Prompt the caller when an invalid PIN is entered.

2) PIN User
   MyPBX can store a number of PIN Users. PIN Users may be used to keep track
of calls in relation to particular activities or clients. They can also be used to keep track of calls by particular users or sets of users.

- PIN entered are checked against those stored by the system. If an invalid PIN is entered, the PIN is requested again.
- The system administrator can configure certain numbers or types of numbers to require entry of a PIN before you can continue making a call to such a number.
- The system administrator can also configure you to have to enter a PIN before making any external call.

- **Name**
  Name of the PIN user

- **PIN**
  The password for this PIN list

- **PIN Settings**
  Click to add, delete or edit PIN list.

- **Member Outbound Route**
  PIN User can use those outbound route to make call out.

### 6.7.8

In this page users can manage all the passwords of outbound routes, PIN User, and DISA.

![Add PIN List](image_url)

- **Name**
A character-based name for this PIN list, e.g. “YeastarPIN”

**Record in CDR**
If set yes, the PIN code will be displayed in call log.

**PIN list**
PIN list is a numeric field. Letters and punctuation are not allowed in this field. Fill in one PIN and if you end with enter for each PIN, you could create multiple PINs.

### 6.7.9 Paging Groups

Paging is used to make an announcement over the speakerphone to a phone or group of phones. Targeted phones will not ring, but instead answer immediately into speakerphone mode. Please note that this section is for configuring paging groups. If you would like to configure Intercom settings, please open the Other Settings -> Feature Codes screen.

This feature is supported by the following SIP phones:
Yeastar’s T28, T26, T22, T20, T10T, T9CM. Other SIP devices may also work with this feature but are not officially supported.

**Note**: A paging group can have a maximum of 20 members.

![Figure 6-77](image-url)

There are two types of paging groups in MyPBX U100&U200.

1. **Internal paging Group**
   In this mode, if you dial its number, MyPBX will help to pick up those chosen members and you can talk directly without any rings.
Figure 6-78

- **Paging Group Number**
  Define the numbered extension that may be dialed to reach this group.

- **Duplex**
  Paging is typically one way for announcements only. Checking this will make paging duplex, allowing all users in the group to talk and be heard by all.

- ***Answer**
  If it sets yes, any user in the group will talk with the caller when they press “*”. If it sets no, users in the group can talk with each other without pressing “*”.

2. **External paging group**
   In this mode, the chosen extensions will have the rights to dial the group number; the voice will be broadcasted via the “Audio Out” interface of U200.
6.7.9 SMS Settings

When GSM/UMTS modules are installed, SMS feature is supported.

1) Enable SMS to Email

If you enable this, as soon as the GSM/UMTS trunks receive a short message, MyPBX will send the text of this message to the email addresses listed on the Email List.

You can add email addresses to the Email List.
2) Enable Email to SMS
If you enable this, you can use MyPBX to send out message by sending an email to the specified address.

![Image](image_url)

**Figure 6-82**

**Enable Country Code**
If you want to add country code before the dialed numbers, please tick this.

**Country Code**
If you enable country code, the country code will be added before the numbers which you want to send SMS. Also you can use a custom country code, which makes it more flexible.

**Receive mails every**
The interval time of receiving mails from POP3 server.

**Access Code**
This PIN code is used to verify the subject of the emails received. If the form of email passes the verification, it will be send out by SIM card. If not, this email will be deleted immediately.

3) Email Settings

![Image](image_url)

**Figure 6-83**

Note:
1. If you want to use “SMS to Email”, please configure POP3 setting.
2. If you configure the POP3 setting, MyPBX will download emails from the mail server regularly. Once downloaded, the emails will be deleted from the mail server.
- **Email Address**
  This email address will be used to:
  1. Send email to the addresses listed on “SMS to Email” setting.
  2. Receive email and send the text of the email to the target mobile number by SMS.
  Note: If you use Gmail, just put your user name here. E.g. email address: test@gmail.com, you just put “test” here.

- **Password**
  Input the password of this email here.

- **SMTP Server (SMTP)**
- **SMTP Server Port**
- **Receive Server (POP3)**
- **Receive Server Port**

If you want to know more about Email to SMS, please refer to **APPENDIX F**

### 6.7.10 Certificates

MyPBX can support TLS extension. Before you register TLS extension on IP phone, you should upload certificates first.

![Figure 6-84](image)

**Trusted Certificate**
This certificate is a CA certificate. When selecting “TLS Verify Client” as “Yes”, you should upload a CA. The relevant IP phone should also have this certificate.

**PBX Certificate**
This certificate is server certificate. No matter selecting “TLS Verify Client” as “Yes” or “NO”, you should upload this certificate to MyPBX. If IP phone enables “TLS Verify server”, you should also upload this certificate on IP phone.
7 Reports

Click to access.
We can check the call detailed logs for accounting and system log for debugging

7.1

The call Log captures all call details, including call time, caller number, callee number, call type, call duration, etc. An administrator can search and filter call data by filter the call logs by call date, caller/callee, trunk, duration, billing duration, status, communication type and Pin User.

![Figure 7-1](Image)

7.2

You can download and delete the system logs of MyPBX.

![Figure 7-2](Image)
- **Enable Hardware Log**
  Save the information of hardware; (up to 4 log files)

- **Enable Normal Log**
  Save the prompt information; (up to 16 log files)

- **Enable Web Log**
  Save the history of web operations (up to 2 log files)

- **Enable Debug Log**
  Save debug information (up to 2 log files)

**Packets Capture Tool**
This feature is used to capture packets for technician. Integrate packet capture tool “Wireshark” in MyPBX.
Users also could specify the destination IP address and port to get the packets.

- **IP**
  Specify the destination IP address to get the packets.

- **Port**
  Specify the destination Port to get the packets.

- **NIC**
  Choose the NIC (LAN or WAN) which you want to capture the packets.

---

**8 Addons**

Click ![Addons](logo) to enter “Addons” page.
MyPBX supports many addons to enhance the function of MyPBX. In this page, you can install the according addons, including call recording, MyPBX Client, Bill System and Hotel Module. Before you install an addon, you should have a license. You can buy the license from Yeastar.

**8.1 Call Recording**

After you install “Call Recording” module, MyPBX U100/U200 can record all the calls automatically, and store the recording in USB device. For more details about call recording, please refer to Appendix J.

**8.2 MyPBX Client**

MyPBX Client is an application coordinated with MyPBX that connects your PC and IP phones. With MyPBX Client, you can perform various operations including check extension status, manage contacts, voicemails, and CDR of extension, realize click-to-call and call popup, send instant messages between extensions, initiate a conference call, and create a call task, etc. For more details about MyPBX client, please refer to the link below: [http://www.yeastar.com/Solutions/MyPBX_Client_Solution.asp](http://www.yeastar.com/Solutions/MyPBX_Client_Solution.asp)

**8.3 Billing System**

Billing System caters for the growing need of billing solutions that can efficiently monitor the calls and maintain record of each call received/transferred by IP-PBX. Billing System can charge and recharge extensions and conduct analysis on the basis of statistics. Both prepaid and postpaid are supported. Flexible rate settings and detailed records make it extremely easy for enterprise
to monitor charges, spot misuse, and enhance efficiency. With Billing System, call accounting are just clicks away.

For more details about Bill System, please refer to the link below:

8.4 Hotel Module

MyPBX Hotel Module is designed for inns and hotels. The features include Room Status, Booking, Check In, Check Out, Wakeup Call, Do Not Disturb, Mini Bar, and Billing Report.

For more details about “Hotel Module”, please refer to the link below:
http://www.yeastar.com/Solutions/Hotel_Module_Solution.asp

9 Logout

Click to log out safely.
10. Use MyPBX

10.1 Make outbound calls

To make an outbound call, we need to add trunk first. There are 3 types of VoIP Trunk:

- **VoIP Trunk**: Connected to remote VOIP service server.
  You should get an IP address with user name/ password from the provider.
- **Service Provider**: Connected to service provider server.
  You will get only IP address for authorization.
- **Analog Trunk**: FXO ports of MyPBX, connected to a local PSTN.
- **GSM/UMTS Trunk**: GSM/UMTS ports of MyPBX, connected to GSM/UMTS Network.
- **BRI Trunk**: BRI ports of MyPBX, connected to ISDN provider

What are FXO and FXS?

**FXS** (Foreign exchange Station) is an interface which drives an analog telephone or FAX machine. FXS interfaces deliver power, provide ringing, and use FXO signaling. FXS interfaces are what allow you to hook telephones and other analog devices to your PBX

**FXO** (Foreign exchange Office) is an interface that connects to a phone line to supply your PBX with access to a public telephone network. FXO interfaces use FXS signaling. FXO interfaces allow you to connect your PBX to real analog phone lines.
Sample Routing via VoIP Trunk

Let’s configure all inside extensions to dial “0” through the VoIP Trunk.

1. Add VoIP Service Provider
Before we do add this, please make sure you have a VoIP Trunk account.
Trunks → VoIP Trunk → SIP Trunk
Enter your account information on this page, and click Save.

![Edit VoIP Trunk - VOIP_Supplier](image)

Figure 10-2

2. Add Outbound Routes
As we can see from the Outbound Route of “VOIP_OUT”, all phone numbers
starting with 0 will have their first digit stripped off (digit 0) and will be sent to the SIP Trunk.

Now that we have added two outbound dialing rules, any call starting with 9 will be routed to the PSTN, and any number starting with 0 will be routed to the SIP Trunk.
10.2 Incoming call

Sample Routing to an IVR

Let’s configure an incoming call to route to the IVR. In the IVR itself, let’s configure digit 0 to route the call to extension 300, and digit 1 to route the call to ringgroup.

1. Add IVR

To add a new IVR, go to IVR → Create New IVR

![Add IVR](image)

Figure 10-4

2. Add Inbound Routes

As we can see from the Inbound Route of “VOIP_IN”, all incoming calls from VOIP trunk will be sent to the IVR.
Add Inbound Route

**General**
- **Route Name**: VOIP_IN
- **DID Number**: 
- **Extension**: 
- **Caller ID Number**: 
- **Distinctive Ringtone**: 
- **Enable Callback**: No

**Available Trunks**
- psin9(FXO)
- psin10(FXO)
- GSM15(GSM)
- BrnTrunk7(BR)
- BrnTrunk8(BR)
- 147(SPS)
- 192.108.142(SPS)
- spa569(SPS)
- 
- 114.132.246.120(SIP)

**Business Days**
- **Office Hours**: default
- **Office Hours Destination**: IVR
- **Non-office Hours Destination**: End Call

**During Holidays**
- **Holiday**: 
- **Destination**: End Call

**Fax Detection**
- **Destination**: No Detect

**Figure 10-5**
**APPENDIX A FAQ**

Q1. How to Register SIP device?

A1:
1) Register SIP soft phone  
Download the x-lite softphone from CounterPath website  
www.counterpath.com  
After installing the x-lite, right click the panel and select the SIP Account setting and then configure it.  
**Display Name**: 500  
**User Name**: 500  
**Password**: 500  
**Authorization Name**: 500  
**Domain**: 192.168.5.150

2) Register IP Phone (for example, Yealink’s T28 IP Phone)  
a) Connect the T28’s Internet port to the switch. And it can get the IP from your route.  
b) Press the “OK” key on T28 to get the IP of T28.  
c) Put the IP on web browser then you can enter the T28 configure page through this IP.  
d) Put the SIP extensions info on the T28 IP phones.  
**Display Name**: 501  
**User Name**: 501  
**Register Name**: 501  
**Password**: 501  
**SIP Server**: 192.168.5.150  
Use the same method register another T28 to other extension.

Q2. How do I reset MyPBX back to the factory default settings?

A2: To perform a reset, please follow steps below:  
**Step 1**: Hold down the “Reset” button on the back of the unit for 5 seconds and watch the LEDs on the front of the MyPBX. When the status LED turns red, let go of the reset button.  
**Step 2**: When the RUN status LED starts blinking, MyPBX will be set back to factory defaults.  
**Step 3**: To access the configuration page, navigate to **192.168.5.150** using a web browser. Make sure that you are on the 192.168.5.0 subnet before doing this.  
**Step 4**: Login to the device with the username “admin” and the password “password”, in order to begin reconfiguring the device.

**APPENDIX B How to Configure External**
Storage

Before External storage can be properly configured, an SMB share folder accessible from MyPBX must be set up on a Windows based machine. Once that has been set up, please follow the steps below.

**Step 1** Add a new folder, rename it, and set this new folder’s share Properties according to Figure B-1.

![Figure B-1 Set up share Properties](image)

**Step 2** Enter the new folder and create a new text file, then rename this file to status.txt. This step is very important, DO NOT forget to create the status.txt file.

**Step 3** Configure External storage settings on MyPBX to Figure B-2.
**External Storage Settings**

The External Storage feature is used to extend storage space. Once configured, the files (voicemail, call recording files, CDR files) created before the configured days will be moved to the Net-Disk.

**Step 1: Create a Net-Disk on a chosen computer**

**Step 2: Input the Net-Disk properties**

- **Net-Disk Host/IP**: 192.168.5.222
- **Net-Disk Share Name**: Share
- **Net-Disk Access Username**: [Blank]
- **Net-Disk Access Password**: [Blank]
- **Move files created before**: 1 days ago

- [Save] - [Cancel]

**Step 3: Save Net-Disk settings**

**Step 4: Make sure the settings are successfully completed**

Figure B-2 External storage Setting

**Net-Disk Host/IP**: Change this to the IP address of the computer where backup files will be stored.

**Net-Disk Share Name**: Change this to the name of the shared folder where backups will be stored.

**Net-Disk Share Username**: The user name used to log into the network share. Leave this blank if it is not required.

**Net-Disk Share Password**: The password used to log into the network share. Leave this blank if it is not required.

Open your Windows share folder to see if the MyPBX backup files and folders has been created. If the contents of the backup folder look similar to Figure C-3, then you have successfully configured External storage on the MyPBX unit.

Figure B-3 External storage setting succeed

**APPENDIX C How to Configure NAT**
Setting

When MyPBX is behind a NAT (firewall), you need to configure NAT setting on MyPBX if you want to use a remote extension.

Please follow section 1 or 2 below depending on your network configuration.

1. If MyPBX is connected to a local network, you must set up port forwarding on your router. Specifically, you must map port 5060 (default SIP port) and port 10001-10200 (default RTP port range) as UDP ports.

Next, log in MyPBX Web GUI, go to "PBX"->"Advanced Settings" ->"SIP Settings" ->"NAT".

**External IP Address**: your router’s public IP address

**External Host**: your router’s domain

**External Refresh Interval**: 20 seconds

**Local Network Identification**: 192.168.5.0/255.255.255.0 (change this according to your network configuration)

**NAT mode**: Yes

**Allow RTP Reinvite**: Yes

Assuming that your router’s host address is yeastar.3322.org, your local network is from 192.168.5.1-192.168.5.254, and the subnet Mask is 255.255.255.0, the MyPBX network settings should configured like Figure C-2.
2. If MyPBX has a public IP (i.e. is connected directly to your internet service provider), the network settings should be configured according to Figure C-3:

![Figure C-3]

Now, MyPBX has been configured as a public IP, so there is no need to configure NAT again, just leave all settings in "NAT" blank.

**APPENDIX D How to Use Auto Provision**

**Step1.** Disable DHCP Server on your local network.
E.g. Disable DHCP Server on Linksys Router.
Step 2. Enable DHCP Server on MyPBX.
Login MyPBX web interface, “System” → “Network Preferences” → “DHCP Server” → “Enable DHCP Server”.
Step 3. Configure phones on MyPBX auto-provision page.
1. Login MyPBX web interface, “PBX” -> “Extensions” -> “Phone Provisioning” -> “Add Phone”.

![Figure D-3: MyPBX Phone Provisioning](image)

2. Fill in the phone detail message on the pop-up windows.
Input IP Phone’s MAC address, configure Name, Call waiting, Line, Extension, Label, Line active for the phone. And also you can configure other features on the phone, like codecs, memory keys etc.
Step 4. Turn on the power and connect the network cable to IP Phone. **Remark:** The factory default setting of DHCP for IP Phone is enabled, so you can skip this step to step 5.

If the DHCP is disabled, please follow below step to enable it (e.g. Yealink’s IP Phone)
1. Log in IP phone’s web page.
2. Enable DHCP.

Step 5. Finish.
APPENDIX E How Do I Configure Distinctive Ring Tones

Step 1: On your IP phone, navigate to the Phone settings web configuration page and find the Distinctive Ring Tone section. For each custom ring tone, enter the Internal Ringer Text (can be digits or text) to trigger the ring tone. For example, you may enter “Family”. E.g. Yealink’s IP phone.

![Figure E-1](image)

Step 2. Configure the “Distinctive Ringtone” on MyPBX. Login MyPBX web interface, “PBX” -> “Inbound Call Control” -> “Inbound Routes” -> Edit Inbound Route, fill in the Internal Ringer Text on “Distinctive Ringtone”.

![Figure E-1](image)
**Step3.** Finish.
APPENDIX F How to Use Email to SMS

How to use Email to SMS

You need to send an email to the specified email address (you set in Email Settings. In this case, it is lears@yeastar.com). The content of this email will be sent to the number you want as a message. The subject (title) of the email will determine the number. Here are some examples of the formats to the subject of the email.

Example:

1. **Send message with no PIN code and default GSM/UMTS port.**
   **Format:** phononenumber
   If the subject is "12345678", the text of this email ("Welcome to Yeastar!") will be sent to number "12345678" through the first available GSM trunk (No PIN code should be set by administrator).

   ![Figure F-1](image1)

2. **Send message with no PIN code and specified GSM/UMTS port.**
   **Format:** port:portnumber-phononenumber
   If the subject is "port:9-12345678", the text of this email ("Welcome to Yeastar!") will be sent to the number "12345678" through GSM/UMTS trunk 9 (No PIN code should be set by administrator).

   ![Figure F-2](image2)
3. Send message with PIN code and default GSM/UMTS port.
**Format:** 500:pincodenumber-phonenumber
If the subject is "500:987-12345678", the text of this email ("Welcome to Yeastar!") will be sent to number "12345678" through the first available GSM trunk ("987" is the PIN code set by administrator).

![Figure F-3 Example](image)

4. Send message with PIN code and specified GSM/UMTS port.
**Format:** 500:pincodenumber-port:portnumber-phonenumber
If the subject is "500:987-port:9-12345678", the text of this email ("Welcome to Yeastar!") will be sent to number "12345678" through GSM trunk 9 ("987" is the PIN code set by administrator).

![Figure F-4 Example](image)

**APPENDIX G How to Use DID**

Direct inward dialing (DID), also called direct dial-in (DDI) in Europe and
Oceania, is a feature offered by telephone companies for use with their customers' private branch exchange (PBX) systems. In DID service the telephone company provides one or more trunk lines to the customer for connection to the customer's PBX and allocates a range of telephone numbers to this line (or group of lines) and forwards all calls to such numbers via the trunk.

MyPBX support DID, you can configure DID in inbound route. Related settings: **DID Number, Extension, Destination.**

![Figure G-1](image)

**·DID Number**
Define the expected DID Number if this trunk passes DID on incoming calls. Leave this field blank to match calls with any or no DID info. Only service provider, E1 trunks, BRI trunks or SIP trunks need to be configured with this setting.

You can also use pattern matching to match a range of numbers. The following patterns may be used:

- **X**: Any Digit from 0-9
- **Z**: Any Digit from 1-9
- **N**: Any Digit from 2-9
- **[12345-9]**: Any digit in the brackets (in this example, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9)

The “.” Character will match any remaining digits. For example, “9011.” will match any phone number that starts with “9011”, excluding “9011” itself.

The “!” will match none remaining digits, and causes the matching process to complete as soon as it can be determined that no other matches are possible.
· **Extension**  
Define the extension for DID number, this field only valid when use E1 trunk for this inbound router. You can only input number and “-” in this field, and the format can be xxx or xxx-xxx. The count of the number must be only one or equal the count of the DID number.

· **Destination**  
If you don’t set the extension, you can set the destination of the call here.

**Example 1:**  
Step1: You set the DID number (5503XXX in this example).  
Step2: You choose the destination (IVR in this example).

The configuration of this example means when the incoming call with DID number 5503XXX (7-digit numbers starting with 5503) will go to the destination IVR.

If you choose the destination, please leave the Extension form blank.
Example 2:
Step1: You set the DID number (6001-6099 in this example).
Step2: You set the Extension (6001-6099 in this example).

The configuration of this example means when the incoming call with DID number 6001 to 6099 will go to the destination 6001 to 6099 (number 6001 to extension 6001, number 6002 to extension 6002).

The destination you set below will be disabled if you set the Extension.
APPENDIX H How to Use BLF Key to
Choose the PSTN line

MyPBX allows you to choose the specific PSTN line to make outbound call by pressing the BLF key on the IP Phone.

Follow the steps to do the configuration with your Yealink phone

1. We want to choose pstn1 or pstn2 to call out.

![Figure H-1](image1)

2. Configure the IP Phone:

![Figure H-2](image2)

Test
When you press DSS Key 1/2, the phone will connect to pstn1/pstn2 line. If pstn1/pstn2 is not busy, you will hear the dial tone. You can dial the number you want and use this line to call out then.
APPENDIX I MyPBX Security Configuration Guide

VoIP attacks, although not an everyday occurrence does exist. While using VoIP, system security is undoubtedly one of the issues we care about most. But with the appropriate configuration, and some basic safety habits, we can improve the security of the telephone system. Moreover, the powerful built-in firewall function in MyPBX is adequate to enable the system to run safely and stably. This guide will introduce the highest defense level in MyPBX; and we strongly recommend that you configure firewall and other security options according to this guide, to prevent the attack fraud and the system failure or calls loss.

**Note:** In this guide, the configuration options marked with “*” only exist in X.17.XX.XX and higher versions, namely, 3.2 guest calls option, 3.3 remote registration option, and 5 alert settings.

1. Security Configuration for Web GUI

1.1 Change the default access port for HTTP on Options page

PBX→Basic Settings→General Preferences→HTTP Bind Port

![General Preferences](image)

Figure I-1

1.2 Change the default password for the web GUI

System→System Preferences→Change Password
2. Disable SSH on LAN Settings Page

2.1 Disable SSH
Select LAN Settings→Enable SSH. If external debugging isn’t required, please select “No”.

2.2 Change the default password for SSH
We can use the Linux command `passwd` to change root password of MyPBX.
1. Login via putty.exe
2. The default username is root and the default password is ys123456.

3. Use command passwd to change the root’s password.
3. Security Configuration for Extensions

3.1 Change the default SIP Port

PBX→Basic settings→SIP Settings→General→UDP Port

![UDP Port Configuration](image)

Figure I-7

3.2* Disable guest calls

PBX→Basic settings→SIP Settings→Advanced Settings→Allow Guest
3.3* Security Configuration for remote extensions

If remote registration isn’t required, please disable it.
PBX→Extensions→FXS/VoIP Extensions→VoIP Extensions→General→VoIP Settings

3.4 Set a robust password and enable IP restriction for extensions
1) Set a new extension password at a higher security level, e.g. AjK5Up1G.

2) Enable IP restriction and enter the permitted “IP address/Subnet mask”, e.g.
4. Set up Proper Firewall Rules

**Note:** Please backup the configurations on backup and restore page before you go ahead. In the case that you lock the device, you can reset to factory default and restore the previous configurations. The example rules below work with MyPBX firmware version 2.15.xx.xx or higher versions.

**Step 1.** Enable firewall on firewall page of MyPBX.
System→Firewall Settings→Firewall Rules→General Settings
Step 2. Add a common rule to accept local network access.
Create a common rule to allow all the IP addresses of the local phones to access MyPBX server. For example, if the IP addresses of the local network are 192.168.5.1-254, the configurations could be as below:

- **Name**: LocalNetwork
- **Protocol**: BOTH
- **Port**: 1:65535
- **IP**: 192.168.5.0/255.255.255.0
- **Action**: Accept

Step 3. Create common rules to accept remote extensions or remote administrators, if you use SIP trunk, please accept the provider’s host as well.

*Note*: If there are no remote extensions, the rule is not required.

Set up the firewall rule to allow the public IP address of remote extensions to access MyPBX server. E.g. 110.111.132.6, the configurations could be as below:

- **Name**: Remote Extension
**Protocol**: BOTH  
**Port**: 1:65535  
**IP**: 110.111.132.6/255.255.255.255  
**Action**: Accept

---

**Figure I-14**

**Step 4. Configure auto blacklist rules**

Auto blacklist rules: the Server would add the IP address to the blacklist automatically if the number of the packets it sends exceeds the rule you configured.

Add two auto blacklist rules for port: 5060.

**Rule No.1:**
- **Port**: 5060  
- **Protocol**: UDP  
- **IP Packets**: 120  
- **Time Interval**: 60 seconds

**Figure I-15**

**Rule No.2:**
- **Port**: 5060  
- **Protocol**: UDP  
- **IP Packets**: 40
**Time Interval**: 2 seconds

Add an auto blacklist rule for Port: 8022

**Rule No.3**
- **Port**: 8022
- **Protocol**: TCP
- **IP Packets**: 5
- **Time Interval**: 60 seconds

Add a rule to accept the IP address of the VoIP trunk to access MyPBX server. For example: If the IP address of the VoIP trunk is 110.5.14.6, Protocol is UDP and Port is 5060, the configuration could be as below:

- **Name**: VoIPTrunk
- **Protocol**: UDP
- **Port**: 5060: 5060
- **IP**: 110.5.14.6/255.255.255.255
- **Action**: Accept

**Step 5. Add a Firewall Rule for VoIP trunk registration**

**Note**: If there is no VoIP trunk, this rule is not required. And if the RTP IP address of VoIP trunk and Registration IP address of the VoIP trunk are different, we need to create a rule to accept the RTP IP address too.

Add a rule to accept the IP address of the VoIP trunk to access MyPBX server. For example: If the IP address of the VoIP trunk is 110.5.14.6, Protocol is UDP and Port is 5060, the configuration could be as below:
Step 6. Add a firewall rule to accept remote access of HTTP port. For example, if the remote access IP is 110.5.14.6, and the port is 80, the configuration could be as below.

**Name**: RemoteHTTP  
**Protocol**: TCP  
**Port**: 80:80  
**IP**: 110.5.14.6/255.255.255.255  
**Action**: Accept

Step 7. Add a firewall rule to accept remote access of SSH port. For example: if the remote access IP is 110.5.14.6 and the port is 8022.
Note: If the remote access of SSH port is not needed, this rule is not required.

Name: RemoteSSH
Protocol: TCP
Port: 8022:8022
IP: 110.5.14.6/255.255.255.255
Action: Accept

Figure I-20

Step 8. Add other firewall rules by yourself. For example, if you are using features related to email, you should add the firewall rules for the SMTP server and POP3 server.

Step 9. Enable Drop all (If this feature is enabled, all the packets and connection that do not match the rules would be dropped.)

Note: Before enable this feature, please add a rule to accept the local network access, or the server might not be accessed.

Figure I-21
Step 10. The Configuration of firewall settings is completed. See the figures below.

![Figure I-22](image)

![Figure I-23](image)

Step 11. Define the authorized data transmitting rate and drop all other unauthorized hosts.
**Note:** If we setup IP blacklist rules here, those unauthorized hosts will still be able to send SIP packets into MyPBX if the packets transmitting rate is under the rate defined. But as soon as the transmitting beyond the define rate, the IP will be added into blacklist automatically.

This is useful for remote extension that is using dynamic IP address.

Remove all the IP blacklist rules if you don’t allowed any other unauthorized hosts access MyPBX. See as below figure.

**Note:** If “drop all” is not enabled, please don’t remove the IP blacklist rules in case the system security hole.

---

*Figure I-24*

---

*Figure I-25*
5*. Alert Settings

After enabling alert settings, if the device is attacked, the system will alert users via call or e-mail. The attack modes include IP attack and Web Login.

5.1 IPATTACK

When the system is attacked by some IP addresses, the firewall will add the IP to auto IP Blacklist and notify the user if it match the protection rule.

Example: Configure to notify extension 500, outbound number 5503301 and E-mail alert@yeastar.com.

configuration could be as below.

Phone Notification Settings:

Phone Notification: Yes
Number: 500;5503301
Attempts: 1
Interval: 60s
Prompt: default

Note: If there’s an outbound number to notify, the number should fit with dial pattern of the outbound route.

E-mail Notification Settings:

E-mail Notification: Yes
To: alert@yeastar.com
Subject: IPAttack
5.2 WEBLOGIN

Enter the password incorrectly five times when logging in MyPBX Web interface will be deemed as attack, the system will limit the IP login within 10 minutes and notify the user.

Example: Configure to notify extension 500, outbound number 5503301 and E-mail alert@yeastar.com.
configuration could be as below.

Phone Notification Settings:
- **Phone Notification**: Yes
- **Number**: 500;5503301
- **Attempts**: 1
- **Interval**: 60s
- **Prompt**: default

**Note**: If there’s an outbound number to notify, the number should fit the dial pattern of the outbound route.

E-mail Notification Settings:
- **E-mail Notification**: Yes
- **To**: alert@yeastar.com
- **Subject**: WebLogin
Figure I-27

APPENDIX J How to Set Up Auto
Recording

MyPBX U100/U200/U300 allows you to record the calls automatically. Here is the guide for you to use it.

Notes:
1. For usage of the Call Recording addon, please purchase activation code from your equipment provider.
2. Before starting auto recording function, please make sure you have inserted an USB device with the correct format.

1. Activate Call Recording

Call Recording enables all your inbound and outbound phone calls to be recorded. The system would detect any call conversation and record them automatically. The call recordings would be saved in the folder you specify and stored in the USB.

Path: System -> System Preferences -> Addons

Figure J-1

After activation, the page will show as below:

Figure J-2

2. Login

From your web browser, input the IP address of the MyPBX server. Log in the system with the monitor account:

User Name: monitor
Password: password
Notes:
MyPBX firmware upgrade follow-up:
• Clean the cache and cookies of the browser before login.
• There is a compatibility issue with IE11. Configure IE11 browser "Compatibility View Settings", add MyPBX IP address, and check "Display Intranet sites in Compatibility View" and "Use Microsoft compatibility lists".
See the following picture. MyPBX IP is 192.168.5.250 in this example.
Figure J-5
3. Network Preferences

3.1 USB Devices

If the format is incorrect, system will prompt you to format it. So click the "Format USB" button. After that the prompt will disappear as Figure J-7 below shows.

1) USB Device information
In this page, we can check the USB Device information, such as USB Model, Type, Disk Size, and Storage Info and so on.

2) USB Devices Management
- **Format USB**  
  Formatting will erase all data on the USB, and initialize the USB Device.

- **Clear USB**  
  Clearing will erase all data on the USB.

- **Remove USB Safely**  
  When ticked, the USB Device will be removed safely.

**Warning:** Please do not remove USB device when recording a call, or else USB device will be damaged.  
To remove the USB device, click the button "Remove USB Safely" and follow the instructions.

**Notes:**  
1. When 95% of the USB device’s storage space is used up, the system will automatically delete the old recordings in a chronological manner until the used space is smaller than 85%.
2. Every second of a call recording uses about 8 KB space. The following shows the storage capacity of USB device and its relevant recording hours.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Storage Capacity</th>
<th>2GB</th>
<th>4GB</th>
<th>8GB</th>
<th>16GB</th>
<th>32GB</th>
<th>64GB</th>
<th>128GB</th>
<th>256GB</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Call Recording (Hours)</td>
<td>64</td>
<td>128</td>
<td>256</td>
<td>512</td>
<td>1024</td>
<td>2048</td>
<td>4096</td>
<td>8192</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure J-8

### 3.2 Recording Settings

1) General Preferences  
**Note:** Before enabling call recording, please make sure that the USB storage or the Net Disk performs well.

- **Enable Call Recording**  
  Enable this function here. You can tick:  
  a. Record Inbound calls  
  b. Record Outbound calls  
  c. Record Internal calls  
  d. Record Callback calls  
  e. Record Conferences calls.

- **Storage Location**  
  After enabling Call recording, you can choose where to store the recordings, in the Network Disk or in the USB.
- **Record Outbound Prompt**
  If call recording is enabled, the callee of outbound calls will hear the preconfigured prompt reminding them that the conversation is being recorded. If you tick the option “Written to the Recording file”, the prompt will also be recorded.

2) **Apply To**
- **Trunks Recording**
  When ticked, all calls through the selected trunks will be recorded.

- **Extensions Recording**
  When ticked, all calls made by the selected extensions will be recorded.

**Conferences Recording**
When ticked, all conversations through the selected conferences will be recorded.
4. Advanced Settings

4.1 Share settings

Configure this setting to share the recording files on the network.

- **User Name**
  The user name to access the files

- **Password**
  The password for the user name

- **Share Name**
  The name of the folder showed on the network.

![Share Settings](image)

For WIN 7/Vista user, please modify the registry before checking the shared file:

Step1: Start->Run->regedit
Step2: Modify the value of
  "HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\Lsa\LmCompatibilityLevel" to "1".
  If "LmCompatibilityLevel" doesn’t exit, create a Dword value
  "LmCompatibilityLevel" = 1

You can check the recording file on the network by Explorer/Resource Manager
Run: `\ IP of MyPBX`
In the picture below, the IP is 192.168.5.149
If you change the password of the share folder, the network users may not be able to check the shared files then.

Please ask the network user to try:
Step1: Start-> Run -> cmd  
Step2: net use * /del (there is a space behind *)  
Step3: Visit the device again with the new password

4.2 Password Settings

You can change the password of the account “monitor” here.

![Figure J-13](image)

4.3 Network Disk Settings

The Network Disk feature is used to extend storage space. If “Storage Location” is set to Network Disk, the call recording files created will be moved to the Net Disk.

Note: The shared folder must be based on Windows Operation System. And if it's windows Vista/2008/7, please add “Everyone” into the shared account list. After that you should ensure that the permission of “Everyone” is checked.
Before network disk can be properly configured, an SMB share folder accessible from MyPBX must be set up on a Windows based machine. Once that has been set up, please follow the steps below.
Step 1: Choose a window-based computer that is always in service
Step 2: Create a folder
Step 3: Share this folder

Then we need input the Net-Disk information in “Connect to Network Disk” tab.

Running Status: It will show the status of Network disk.

Net-Disk Host/IP: Change this to the IP address of the computer where files will be stored.

Net-Disk Share Name: Change this to the name of the shared folder where files will be stored.

Net-Disk Share Username: The user name used to log into the network share. Leave this blank if it is not required. In general, you use the administrator
account on PC as a user name here.

**Net-Disk Share Password**: The password used to log into the network share. Leave this blank if it is not required.

If the configuration is correct, you will see the Network Disk information.

![Figure J-18](image)

Then make some calls through trunks or extensions. After that, you can see the recordings in the sharing folder.

![Figure J-19](image)
4.4 Auto Recording Management

This feature defines whether extensions can check the call recordings or not, we can also set permissions for call recording management.

- **Manager**
  Choose the extension number of the manager. Manager can check the call recordings of the selected extensions in the "Allowed Extensions" on the Web User Interface.

- **Enable Auto Recording check**
  The permission to view recordings

- **Recording numbers allowed to check**
  The number of recordings that users can check. Enter "0" or leave this blank empty, the number will not be limited. Enter "3", for example, the manager can check the latest 3 recordings at most.
  Note: The oldest recording will be covered by the latest recording.

- **Auto Recording Delete Permission**
  The permission of deleting recording

- **Auto Recording Download Permission**
  The permission of downloading recording

- **Allowed Extensions**
  You can decide which extension’s calls will be recorded.

For example, we set the extension 101 as a manager and set yes for “Enable Auto Recording check”. And select 102,103 as allowed extensions. Then tick
“Allow Record Internal”. Finally, we make a call from 102 to 103. As a result, if you log in Web User interface of extension 101, you can check recording logs in “Auto Recordings” page. But log in that of 102 or 103, you can’t find the auto recordings since it doesn’t have permission.

5. Report

5.1 Record Logs

You can check all of the recordings of calls made through MyPBX when you log in by “Monitor” account.

-Attention
The system will detect old CDR files after CDR system update. If there exists old CDR files, system will give you the prompt that whether you want to import the old files or not.
**·Start Search**
You are able to search the recording by Start Date to End Date, Extension, Trunk, Duration and Communication Type.

**·The Recording List**
You can check the ID, Time, Callee, Caller, Trunk, Duration (second), and Communication Type of each recording.
You can play, download or delete the recording files.

![Figure J-22](image)

![Figure J-23](image)
APPENDIX K How to use LDAP

LDAP stands for Lightweight Directory Access Protocol, which is a client-server protocol for accessing a directory service. Normally, it is used as a phone book on MyPBX so that you can search a key word from your IP phone. Here we take Yealink T-28 IP phone as an example.

1. Configuration on MyPBX.
   Tick the option of "Enable LDAP", and use default configuration in the other fields.
   **Default configuration as below:**
   
   Root Node: dc=pbx,dc=com
   PBX Node: ou=pbx,dc=pbx,dc=com
   User Name: cn=admin,dc=pbx,dc=com
   Password: (fill in as required)

   Then you can add contacts as required.

   ![Figure K-1](image)

2. Configuration on Yealink T-28 IP phone
First fill the fields as the configuration as below:

LDAP Name Filter:     (|(cn=%)(sn=%))
LDAP Number Filter:   (|(telephoneNumber=*)(homePhone=*)(mobile=*))
Server Address:       192.168.5.142 /the IP of MyPBX/
Port:                 389
Base:                 dc=yeastar,dc=com
User Name:            cn=admin,dc=yeastar,dc=com
Password:             ****** /the password you have set on MyPBX/
Max.Hits:             50
LDAP Name Attributes: cn sn displayName
LDAP Number Attributes: telephoneNumber homePhone mobile mail departmentNumber
LDAP Display Name:    %cn
Protocol:             Version 3
Search Delay(ms)(0~2000): 0
LDAP Lookup for Incoming Call: Enabled
LDAP Sorting Results: Enabled
LDAP Lookup for PreDial/Dial: Enabled

Click the “confirm” button, and the LDAP will take effect.

Then configure the DSS Key for linking to the LDAP setting.
If you enable the "LDAP Lookup for PreDial/Dial", you can use LDAP feature either in PreDial/Dial page or by pressing DSS Key.

<Finish>